CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

> **PREPARED BY:** THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S RERORT

Camnetar & Co., CPAs

a professional accounting corporation 2550 Belle Chasse Highway, Suite 170, Gretna, LA 70053 504.362.2544 (Fax) 504.362.2663

Edward L. Camnetar, Jr., CPA Orfelinda G. Richard, CPA Jamie G. Rogers, CPA Members: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Gretna, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gretna, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Gretna, Louisiana's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gretna, Louisiana, as of March 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note E.5. to the financial statements, in 2019 the City adopted a new accounting guidance, *GASBS No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of the Employer's Contributions on pages 4-16 and 65-79 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Gretna, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the Schedule of Compensation of Paid Elected Officials, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

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The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, the Schedule of Compensation of Paid Elected Officials, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, the Schedule of Compensation of Paid Elected Officials, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2019, on our consideration of the City of Gretna, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Gretna, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Gretna, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Gretna, Louisiana September 27, 2019 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Gretna, Louisiana (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019. The purpose of this management discussion and analysis ("MD&A") is to provide an objective and easy to read analysis of the City's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. Therefore, readers should consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's Financial Statements and Notes to the Financial Statements.

Financial Highlights

- The City's total net position increased by \$1,590,516 which represents a 2.15 percent increase from fiscal year 2018. This increase can be attributed to the increase in Net Investment in Capital Assets of \$450,185 or .63 percent due to the completion of the LA18 4th Street Extension Richard Burmaster project. The 4th Street Extension project is 100 percent federally and locally funded. The net position of the governmental activities increased by \$1,470,820 and the net position of the business-type activities increased by \$119,696.
- Assets of the City's governmental activities exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year ending 2019 by \$51,558,236 (*net position*). Of this amount \$55,124,729 or 106.92 percent is invested in capital assets, such as facilities, vehicles and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt. An additional \$13,216,619 or 25.63 percent is restricted for building renovations, contingencies, and emergency preparedness.
- At the end of fiscal year 2019, the City's total general fund balance was \$8,191,905 compared to \$7,896,996 in fiscal year 2018. This increase of \$294,909 or 3.73 percent can be attributed to an increase in tax revenues and the sale of surplus equipment.
- In June 2015, the GASB Issued Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. The standard is effective for the year ending March 31, 2019, and the City has implemented GASB 75. This implementation also required the restatement of prior year's ending Net Position. The restatement amounted to a reduction of beginning net position of \$476,669 for governmental activities.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information, which is in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. The difference between the assets and liabilities is reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or weakening. The causes of the change in net position may be the result of many factors, both financial and non-financial in nature. Non-financial factors, which may have an impact on the City's financial condition include the property and sales tax base.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements are designed to distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues ("governmental activities") from other functions that are intended to recover a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges ("business-type activities"). The business-type activities of the City consist of the Municipal Water and Sewer System.

The following is the City's government-wide financial information for the current and prior years in condensed form. Further details regarding these statements may be found on pages 17 and 18 of this financial report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "*fund*" is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. "Governmental funds" are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as "governmental activities" in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows* and *outflows of spendable resources*, as well as *on balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, *it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues,

expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*. These reconciliations are located on pages 20 and 22.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and Other Funds. A budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund and all major funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget is presented on pages 65 through 76.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 22 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The proprietary funds consist of the Municipal Water & Sewer Funds which are also presented as the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 25 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 26 of this report.

Other information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the Required Supplemental Information. Combining statements for non-major governmental funds can be found on pages 80 and 81 of this report. The City maintains fourteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Fire Protection Fund, Ambulance Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the Grant Fund all of which are major funds. Data from the other governmental funds (Garbage Fund, Parks and Recreation Fund, Social Services For The Aged Fund, Street Lights Fund, Tourism Fund, Home Incarceration Fund, Court Security Fund, and Court Security Fund 2^{m0} are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$75,703,175 (*net position*). The City's net position is comprised of \$51,558,236 from governmental activities and \$24,144,939 from business-type activities as shown on page 17.

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA Net Position March 31, 2019 and 2018

	Governmental Activities					Business-typ	ivities	Total					
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018	
Current and other assets	\$	19,352,494	\$	19,361,597	\$	1,056,346	\$	1,428,042	\$	20,408,840	\$	20,789,639	
Capital assets(net)		65,610,728		66,078,544		27,166,606		26,910,360		92,777,334		92,988,904	
Total assets	-	84,963,222		85,440,141		28,222,952		28,338,402		113,186,174		113,778,543	
Deferred outflows of resources	-	6,215,484		6,211,410		1,131,760		1,193,998		7,347,244		7,405,408	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	91,178,706	\$	91,651,551	\$	29,354,712	\$	29,532,400	\$	120,533,418	\$	121,183,951	
Current and other liabilities	\$	2,572,443	\$	3,961,558	\$	956,315	\$	1,200,938	\$	3,528,758	\$	5,162,496	
Long-term liabilities		35,842,400		37,016,249		4,130,334		4,197,969		39,972,734		41,214,218	
Total liabilities		38,414,843		40,977,807		5,086,649		5,398,907		43,501,492		46,376,714	
Deferred inflows of resources		1,205,627		586,332		123,124		108,246		1,328,751		694,578	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		39,620,470		41,564,139		5,209,773		5,507,153		44,830,243		47,071,292	
NET POSITION													
Net investment in capital assets		55,124,729		54,674,544		16,544,574		16,544,574		71,669,303		71,219,118	
Restricted		13,216,619		13,155,564		76,734		76,734		13,293,353		13,232,298	
Unrestricted		(16,783,112)		(17,742,692)		7,523,631		7,403,935		(9,259,481)		(10,338,757)	
Total net position		51,558,236	_	50,087,416		24,144,939	_	24,025,243	_	75,703,175	_	74,112,659	
Total liabilities, inflows, and net position	\$	91,178,706	\$	91,651,555	\$	29,354,712	\$	29,532,396	\$	120,533,418	\$	121,183,951	

A large portion of the City's governmental activities' net position (\$55,124,729 or 106.92 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, furniture and fixtures, machinery, vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure, acquired since April 1, 2003) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. While bonds payable are associated with the capital expenditures for purposes of categorizing net position, the capital assets themselves are not a source of repayment of the bonds. The bonds are serviced primarily by dedicated sales taxes.

Governmental restricted net position increased to \$13,216,619 from \$13,155,564 resulting in an increase of \$61,055 or .46 percent. The City's governmental unrestricted net position was (\$16,783,112).

Governmental total net position increased to \$51,558,236 from \$50,087,416 representing an increase of \$1,470,820 or 2.94 percent during the current fiscal year. This is primarily attributed to the increase in net investment in capital assets and an increase in net position.

Changes in Net Position

The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for 2019, with comparative figures from 2018. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1,947,489.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION March 31, 2019 and 2018

	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	То	tal	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
REVENUES							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 3,755,659	\$ 4,031,110	\$ 6,397,300	\$ 6,441,075	\$ 10,152,959	\$ 10,472,185	
Operating grants and contributions	762,917	1,005,284	-	-	762,917	1,005,284	
Capital grants and contributions	1,307,760	9,243,359	-	-	1,307,760	9,243,359	
General revenues:							
Ad valorem	8,966,940	7,714,156	588,151	586,119	9,555,091	8,300,275	
Sales	8,959,274	8,453,220	-	-	8,959,274	8,453,220	
Franchise	695,044	688,198	-	-	695,044	688,198	
Intergovernmental	6,164,485	5,811,976	-	-	6,164,485	5,811,976	
Fines and forfeitures	3,168,412	3,298,652	-	-	3,168,412	3,298,652	
Licenses and permits	410,495	405,612	-	-	410,495	405,612	
Miscellaneous	1,141,630	92,330	11,978	58,815	1,153,608	151,145	
Gain/Loss on disposal of assets	367,362	292,107	83,301	3,010	450,663	295,117	
Total revenues	35,699,978	41,036,004	7,080,730	7,089,019	42,780,708	48,125,023	
EXPENSES							
Governmental activities:							
General government	3,665,860	3,523,454	-	-	3,665,860	3,523,454	
Public safety	20,886,068	19,485,234	-	-	20,886,068	19,485,234	
Public works	6,742,671	6,794,738	-	-	6,742,671	6,794,738	
Culture and recreation	2,267,293	2,654,110	-	-	2,267,293	2,654,110	
Cemetery	78,063	73,576	-	-	78,063	73,576	
Interest & issue cost on long-term debt	207,907	224,482	-	-	207,907	224,482	
Business-Type activities:							
Water Utility	-	-	3,219,688	3,323,990	3,219,688	3,323,990	
Sewer Utility	-	-	3,645,976	3,545,529	3,645,976	3,545,529	
Total expenses	33,847,862	32,755,594	6,865,664	6,869,519	40,713,526	39,625,113	
Change in net position before special items and transfers	1,852,116	8,280,410	215,066	219,500	2,067,182	8,499,910	
Transfers	95,373	(1,230,401)	(95,373)	1,230,401	-	-	
Change in net position	1,947,489	7,050,009	119,693	1,449,901	2,067,182	8,499,910	
Net position - April 1, 2018 Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	50,087,416	43,037,407	24,025,246	22,575,345	74,112,662	65,612,752	
(Note 5)	(476,669)		-		(476,669)	-	
Net position - March 31, 2019	\$ 51,558,236	\$ 50,087,416	\$ 24,144,939	\$ 24,025,246	\$ 75,703,175	\$ 74,112,662	

The City's total revenues for the fiscal year 2019 were \$42,780,708 compared to \$48,125,022 for the fiscal year 2018 or a decrease in 11.11 percent.

Total program revenue for charges for services represents funds received from the public for garbage fees, licenses and permits, ambulance services, and water and sewer utility fees. Charges for services decreased to \$10,152,959 from \$10,472,185 or 3.05 percent. The service charges for the Water and Sewer Utility Funds are down a modest \$43,775 or 0.68 percent.

Capital grants and contributions experienced a decrease of \$7,935,599 or 85.85 percent. This can be attributed to the near completion of a federally funded highway project to improve drainage facilities, lighting systems and the construction of infrastructure to connect an abandoned stretch of Union Pacific Railroad right of way from Downtown Gretna to the Crescent City Connection and Downtown New Orleans. The project is funded through the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) Urban Systems, which is allocated to the New Orleans regional metropolitan planning organization, the Regional Planning Commission (RPC).

Sales taxes increased to \$8,959,274 from \$8,453,220 resulting in an increase of \$506,054 or 5.99 percent. The increase in sales tax is a result of several new businesses that opened in the City during the fiscal year.

Ad valorem taxes increased to \$9,555,091 from \$8,300,275 resulting in an increase of \$1,254,816 or 15.12 percent due to a new 8 mill tax dedicated to police manpower voted on and approved by the taxpayers in April 2018.

Fines and forfeitures revenues decreased to \$3,168,412 from \$3,298,652 resulting in a decrease of \$130,240 or 3.95 percent. This is attributed to the reduction of income generated by the speed camera enforcement system. Moving traffic accidents, fatalities, and infractions have declined since the implementation of speed cameras throughout the City. Through the enforcement of speed control, revenues have naturally declined.

The City's total expenses increased to \$40,713,526 from \$39,625,113 resulting in a increase of \$1,088,413 or 2.75 percent. This is due to the pay raises for police officers through the dedicated new 8 mill tax.

Governmental Activities

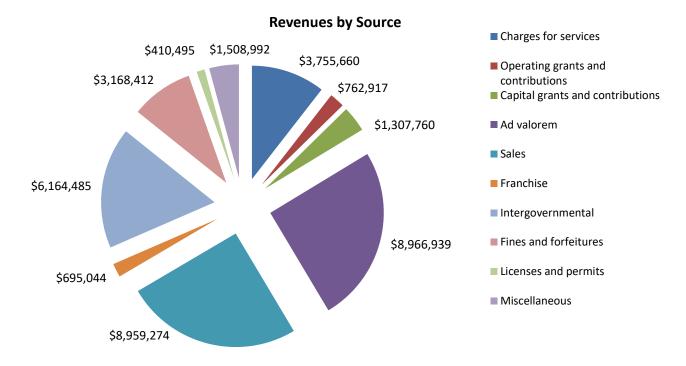
The Governmental Activities of the City include General Government, Public Safety, Public Works, Cemetery, Culture and Recreation, and Miscellaneous Programs. Sales taxes, ad valorem taxes, franchise taxes, and intergovernmental revenues as well as occupational licenses and fines fund most of these governmental activities.

General Revenues and Program Revenues

General revenues and program revenues are those available for the City to use to pay for the governmental activities described above. The following chart shows the City's general revenues:

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA Revenues by Source Governmental Activities For the Year Ended March 31, 2019

				Increase	
			% of	(Decrease)	Percentage
Revenues Source		2019	Total	from 2018	Change
Charges for services	\$	3,755,660	10.52%	\$ (275,449)	-6.83%
Operating grants and contributions		762,917	2.14%	(242,367)	-24.11%
Capital grants and contributions		1,307,760	3.66%	(7,935,599)	-85.85%
Ad valorem		8,966,939	25.12%	1,252,783	16.24%
Sales		8,959,274	25.10%	506,054	5.99%
Franchise		695,044	1.95%	6,846	0.99%
Intergovernmental		6,164,485	17.27%	352,509	6.07%
Fines and forfeitures		3,168,412	8.88%	(130,240)	-3.95%
Licenses and permits		410,495	1.15%	4,884	1.20%
Miscellaneous		1,508,992	4.23%	1,124,555	292.52%
Total	\$	35,699,978	100.00%	\$ (5,336,024)	-13.00%



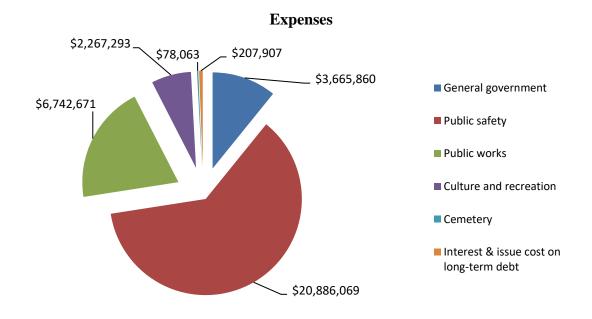
Property Taxes

Property taxes are the largest recurring revenue source for the City comprising 25.12 percent of governmental revenue. For the year ended March 31, 2019, taxes of 60.52 mills were levied on property inside of the City limits. This is an increase of 8 mills due to the new taxes dedicated to the police department.

Sales Taxes

Sales taxes are the second largest recurring revenue source for the City comprising 25.10 percent of total governmental revenue.

General Program Expenses



Major Funds

The City has presented the following as major funds.

- General Fund
- Fire Protection Fund
- Ambulance Fund
- Capital Projects Fund
- Debt Service Fund
- Grant Fund

All other governmental funds are presented in one column, titled Total Nonmajor Funds.

• The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. The General Fund ended fiscal year March 31, 2019, with an unassigned fund balance of \$4,751,080. This represents an increase of the unassigned fund balance of \$986,717 or 26.21 percent. The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$294,909 or 3.73 percent during the current fiscal year. The following factors highlight the changes.

The City received 233,436 in proceeds from the sale of surplus equipment during the fiscal year.

- The Fire Protection Fund reported a fund balance of \$3,110,418 compared to \$2,344,880 in 2018 representing a \$765,538 increase or 32.65 percent.
- The Ambulance Fund reported a fund balance of \$771,136 compared to \$1,055,248 in 2018 representing a \$284,112 decrease or 26.92 percent. This decrease is due to the purchase of a new ambulance.
- The Capital Projects Fund reported a fund balance of \$1,624,839 compared to \$1,272,100 in 2018 representing a \$352,739 increase or 27.73 percent. This is due to the increase in gaming revenue dedicated as match money for future capital projects.
- The Debt Service Fund reported a fund balance of \$1,544,274 compared to \$1,523,882 in 2018 representing a \$20,392 increase or 1.34 percent.
- The Grant Fund reported a fund balance of \$415,774 compared to \$290,288 in 2018 representing a \$125,486 increase or 43.23 percent. These funds represent unspent grant revenues to be expended in future years.

Business-Type Activities

The Business-Type Activities of the City are those that the City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer departments are reported here.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

In accordance with the provisions of the Lawrason Act, the City Administration submits the annual budget for the City by the end of the prior year. The budget is adopted by Councilmanic action.

Over the course of the year, the City Council revises the City's budget numerous times. These amendments are based on changing needs and additional information to prevent budget overruns and better meet the needs of the City.

The following table presents the favorable variance for the General Fund as compared to the revised budget.

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

General Fund

For the Year Ended March 31, 2019

			Actual on	Variance
	Original	Revised	Budgetary	Favorable
	Budget	Budget	Basis	(Unfavorable)
Revenue	\$ 17,144,408	\$ 19,179,478	\$ 19,937,819	\$ 758,341
Expenditures	17,382,402	19,046,163	18,792,352	253,811
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(150,000)	(245,945)	(852,057)	(606,112)
Net change in fund balance	(387,994)	(112,630)	293,410	406,040
Fund balance - beginning	7,896,996	7,896,996	7,820,136	(76,860)
Fund balance - ending	\$ 7,509,002	\$ 7,784,366	\$ 8,113,546	\$ 329,180

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of March 31, 2019, amounts to \$92,777,334 (net of accumulated depreciation) compared to \$92,988,904 at March 31, 2018, representing a decrease of \$211,570 or .23 percent. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery, vehicles and equipment, park facilities, etc. and infrastructure assets.

The following is the City's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018.

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA

Comparative Statement of Capital Assets

March 31, 2019 and 2018

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total				
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018			
Land	\$ 3,690,800	\$ 3,608,117	\$ 299,988	\$ 299,988	\$ 3,990,788	\$ 3,908,105			
Construction in process	9,956,358	13,669,915	763,759	1,196,704	10,720,117	14,866,619			
Building and improvements	55,375,097	49,398,235	16,762,716	16,762,716	72,137,813	66,160,951			
Equipment and furniture, fixtures	11,508,901	11,262,904	25,951	25,951	11,534,852	11,288,855			
Vehicles and road machinery	6,792,216	6,896,814	35,787,804	33,773,451	42,580,020	40,670,265			
Historical Infrastructure	17,273,617	17,273,617		-	17,273,617	17,273,617			
	104,596,989	102,109,602	53,640,218	52,058,810	158,237,207	154,168,412			
Less: accumulated depreciation	(38,986,261)	(36,031,058)	(26,473,612)	(25,148,450)	(65,459,873)	(61,179,508)			
Capital assets, net	\$ 65,610,728	\$ 66,078,544	\$ 27,166,606	\$ 26,910,360	\$ 92,777,334	\$ 92,988,904			

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note C-3 on pages 39 through 41 of this financial report.

Long-Term Debt

Total long-term debt for the year ended March 31, 2019, is \$41,441,812 compared to \$42,702,441 for the year ended March 31, 2018. Long-term debt decreased by \$1,260,629 or 2.95 percent during this fiscal year. The decrease of \$533,482 can be attributed to the decrease in net pension liability. Tax bonds indebtedness for governmental activities was \$10,486,000 compared to \$11,404,000 in fiscal year 2018. This decrease of \$918,000 can be attributed to the annual scheduled debt payment requirements. Other Post Employment (\$1,044,148, after the restatement) decreased by \$52,717.

The following table presents a summary comparison of the outstanding long-term obligations for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018.

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA Comparative Statement of Long-Term Debt March 31, 2019 and 2018

Governmental fretry hty		
	2019	2018
Tax Bonds	\$ 10,486,000	\$ 11,404,000
EPA Brownsfield Loan	488,500	488,500
Compensated Absences	2,053,578	2,095,667
Other Post Employment Benefits OPEB	991,431	1,044,148
Pension Liability	23,074,678	23,608,160
Promissory Note	64,835	 129,668
	37,159,022	38,770,143
Business Type Activity		
Water Fund Participation Notes	-	27,080
Sewer Fund Participation Notes	-	41,608
Water fund 2015 Bond Issue	317,500	365,000
Sewer Fund 2015 Bond Issue	317,500	365,000
Compensated Absences	175,000	152,033
Pension Liability	3,472,790	 3,458,246
	 4,282,790	 4,408,967
Total Long-term Debt	\$ 41,441,812	\$ 43,179,110

Governmental Activity

Additional information on long-term debt can be found in Note C-4 on pages 41 through 44 of this financial report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Economic Factors

The City continues to strengthen the coordination of public and private sector activities for improved economic development outcomes and quality of life. The City has just completed construction of our largest capital project—the 4th Street Extension. We have also secured significant external funding to support addressing additional longstanding infrastructure needs. This is evidenced by our recently created 25th Street Resilience District—which will merge flood mitigation activities alongside recreational amenities and ecological restoration.

In the coming year, the City will start construction on its first catalytic project incorporating both sustainability and resiliency through best management projects—Downtown Drainage Phase 1. Additionally, this project represents the most significant public investment toward realizing the aspirations of our Gretna Downtown 2020 Plan. Over the next year, the City will introduce its first comprehensive Capital Improvement Program to assist in our financial decision making around infrastructure maintenance obligations and rehabilitation schedules. This is a significant capacity building step that will help drive more responsible financial planning around our long range infrastructure costs. The City continues to aggressively leverage external resources for infrastructure deployment that aligns with our planning goals.

Continued housing price pressures in the Greater New Orleans Region keep the City competitively positioned to attract new residents and improve the quality of life for existing residents. Our ability to maintain and improve this position relies on providing a competitive suite of public services and maintaining our current fiscal stability. We must continue to proactively govern and financially plan for a future that positions Gretna as a choice destination within the Greater New Orleans Region and the State of Louisiana.

Budgets

The City's budget for the fiscal year April 1, 2019, to March 31, 2020, was introduced in open session on February 13, 2019, and adopted by Ordinance 4864 on March 14, 2019. The total City Budget anticipates revenues of \$38,356,026 and expenditures of \$37,859,577.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to Raylyn Stevens, CPA, Finance Director, P.O. Box 404, Gretna, Louisiana 70054-0404

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION March 31, 2019

	Primary Government							
	Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-type				
		Activities		Activities		Total		
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,536,908	\$	288,440	\$	13,825,348		
Investments		418,899		-		418,899		
Receivables, net		1,081,870		767,906		1,849,776		
Due from other governments		2,432,395		-		2,432,395		
Prepaid expenditures		301,714		-		301,714		
Restricted Cash		1,451,732		-		1,451,732		
Unamortized bond cost		128,976		-		128,976		
Capital Assets (net)		65,610,728		27,166,606		92,777,334		
Total assets		84,963,222		28,222,952		113,186,174		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Outflows-Pension Plan		6 207 691		1 121 760		7 220 441		
		6,207,681		1,131,760		7,339,441		
Deferred Outflows-Other Post Employment Benefits Total deferred outflows of resources		7,803 6,215,484		1,131,760		7,803		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	91,178,706	\$	29,354,712	\$	120,533,418		
I ofai assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	91,178,700	•	29,354,712	\$	120,535,418		
LIABILITIES	¢	1 000 050	٩	210 22 0	¢	1 010 150		
Accounts payable	\$	1,099,250	\$	219,228	\$	1,318,478		
Accrued liabilities:				.		5 46 3 00		
Customer deposits		-		546,200		546,200		
General liabilities		156,570		38,430		195,000		
Net pension liability:				2 452 500				
Due in more than one year		23,074,678		3,472,790		26,547,468		
Other post employment benefit:		001 101				001 101		
Due in more than one year		991,431		-		991,431		
Compensated absences:								
Due within one year		316,790		52,457		369,247		
Due in more than one year		1,736,789		122,544		1,859,333		
Bonds payable/other borrowings:				100.000		1 000 000		
Due within one year		999,833		100,000		1,099,833		
Due in more than one year		10,039,502		535,000		10,574,502		
Total liabilities		38,414,843		5,086,649		43,501,492		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Inflows-Pension Plan		1,197,103		123,124		1,320,227		
Deferred Inflows-Other Post Employment Benefits		8,524		-		8,524		
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,205,627		123,124		1,328,751		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		55,124,729		16,544,574		71,669,303		
Restricted for:								
Capital projects		1,624,839		23,984		1,648,823		
Debt service		1,544,274		-		1,544,274		
Other purposes		10,047,506		-		10,047,506		
Water Tower Maintenance		-		52,750		52,750		
Unrestricted		(16,783,112)		7,523,631		(9,259,481)		
Total net position		51,558,236		24,144,939		75,703,175		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and Net Position	\$	91,178,706	\$	29,354,712	\$	120,533,418		

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended March 31, 2019

										Net (Expense	e) Reven	ue and Changes in	Net Po	sition
					Progra	am Revenues					Prima	ary Government		
					Operati	ng Grants and	Capit	al Grants and	G	overnmental	B	usiness-type		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities		Activities			Total
Primary government:														
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$	3,665,860	\$	1,073,327	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,592,533)	\$	-	\$	(2,592,533)
Public safety		20,886,068		965,792		183,533		-		(19,736,743)		-		(19,736,743)
Public works		6,742,671		1,585,179		66,394		1,307,760		(3,783,338)		-		(3,783,338)
Culture and recreation		2,267,293		131,361		512,990		-		(1,622,942)		-		(1,622,942)
Cemetery		78,063		-		-		-		(78,063)		-		(78,063)
Interest & issue cost on long-term debt		207,907		-		-		-		(207,907)		-		(207,907)
Total governmental activities		33,847,862		3,755,659		762,917		1,307,760		(28,021,526)		-		(28,021,526)
Business-type activities:														
Water		3,219,688		3,296,886		-		-		-		77,198		77,198
Sewer		3,645,976		3,100,414		-		-		-		(545,562)		(545,562)
Total business-type activities		6,865,664		6,397,300		-		-		-		(468,364)		(468,364)
Total primary government	\$	40,713,526	\$	10,152,959	\$	762,917	\$	1,307,760		(28,021,526)		(468,364)		(28,489,890)
	Genera	l revenues:												
	Taxes	:												
		Ad valorem taxes								8,966,940		588,151		9,555,091
		Franchise taxes								695,044		-		695,044
		Sales taxes								8,959,274		-		8,959,274
	0	ccupational license	es							410,495		-		410,495
	In	tergovernmental re	evenues							6,164,485		-		6,164,485
	Fi	nes and forfeitures	3							3,168,412		-		3,168,412
	In	vestment earnings								204,357		96		204,453
	G	ain (loss) on sale o	f capital	assets						367,362		11,882		379,244
	М	liscellaneous								937,273		83,301		1,020,574
	Transfe	ers								95,373		(95,373)		-
	Т	otal general revenu	ies, specia	al items, and tran	sfers					29,969,015		588,057		30,557,072
		Change in net p	osition							1,947,489		119,693		2,067,182
	Net pos	sition - beginning								50,087,416		24,025,246		74,112,662
	Cumula	ative effect of char	nge in acc	ounting principle	e (Note 5)					(476,669)		-		(476,669)
	Net pos	sition - ending	-						\$	51,558,236	\$	24,144,939	\$	75,703,175

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS March 31, 2019

	GENERAL FUND			FIRE PROTECTION		AMBULANCE		CAPITAL PROJECTS		DEBT SERVICE		NT FUND	Total Nonmajor ND Funds			Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,348,528	\$	3,122,246	\$	672,184	\$	1,421,669	\$	_	\$	76,098	\$	1,896,183	\$	13,536,908
Investments	ψ	122,720	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	296,178	Ψ		Ψ	418,898
Receivables, net		705,777		41,649		19,033		-		92,542				222,869		1,081,870
Due from other funds		394,663						-				-		,		394,663
Due from other governments		817,077		-		121,657		603,855		-		69,440		820,367		2,432,396
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-		-		1,451,732		-		-		1,451,732
Prepaid items (principally insurance)		301,714		-		-		-		-		-		-		301,714
Total assets	\$	8,690,479	\$	3,163,895	\$	812,874	\$	2,025,524	\$	1,544,274	\$	441,716	\$	2,939,419	\$	19,618,181
LIABILITIES																
Accounts payable	\$	342,004	\$	53,477	\$	41,738	\$	400,685	\$	-	\$	15,287	\$	246,058	\$	1,099,249
Accrued liabilities	Ŷ	156,570	Ŷ		Ŷ	-	Ψ		Ŷ	-	Ŷ		Ψ		Ψ	156,570
Due to other funds				-		-		-		-		10,655		384,008		394,663
Total liabilities		498,574		53,477		41,738		400,685		-		25,942		630,066		1,650,482
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)																
Nonspendable																
Prepaid expenditures		301,714		-		-		-		-		-		-		301,714
Restricted		501,711														001,711
Debt service		-		-		-		-		1,544,274		-		-		1,544,274
Committed										_, ,						-,,
Capital projects fund		-		-		-		1,624,839		-		-		-		1,624,839
Encumbrances		78,361		-		137		-		-		-		-		78,498
Emergency preparation		271,908		-		-		-		-		-		-		271,908
Contingencies		275,152		-		-		-		-		-		-		275,152
Assigned																
Court management		240,551		-		-		-		-		-		-		240,551
Economic Investment		1,896,894		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,896,894
Property seizure		376,245		-		-		-		-		-		-		376,245
Culture & Recreation		-		-		-		-		-		-		848,056		848,056
Public safety		-		3,110,418		770,999		-		-		-		318,621		4,200,038
Public works		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,142,676		1,142,676
Subsequent year expenditures		-		-		-		-		-		415,774		-		415,774
Unassigned		4,751,080		-		-		-		-		-		-		4,751,080
Total fund balances (deficits)		8,191,905		3,110,418		771,136		1,624,839		1,544,274		415,774		2,309,353		17,967,699
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$	8,690,479	\$	3,163,895	\$	812,874	\$	2,025,524	\$	1,544,274	\$	441,716	\$	2,939,419	\$	19,618,181

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION March 31, 2019

Total Fund Balance at March 31, 2019-Governmental Funds		\$ 17,967,699
Cost of capital assets at March 31, 2019 Less accumulated depreciation as of March 31, 2019:	\$ 104,596,987 (38,986,259)	65,610,728
Deferred inflows of resources - pension plan Deferred outflows of resources - pension plan		(1,197,103) 6,207,681
Deferred inflows of resources - other post employment benefits Deferred outflows of resources - other post employment benefits		(8,524) 7,803
Long-term liabilities at March 31, 2019: Bonds payable Promissory Note Unamortized bond cost Other post employment benefits Net pension liability Compensated absences	(10,974,500) (64,835) 128,975 (991,431) (23,074,678) (2,053,579)	 (37,030,048)
Net position-March 31, 2019		\$ 51,558,236

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended March 31, 2019

	GENERAL FUND	FIRE PROTECTION	AMBULANCE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	GRANT FUND	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES								
Ad valorem	\$ 3,874,070	\$ 2,534,168	\$ 1,091,073	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,467,629	\$ 8,966,940
Sales	7,972,634	-	-	-	933,775	-	52,867	8,959,276
Franchise	695,044	-	-	-	-	-	-	695,044
Intergovernmental	1,897,723	98,542	5,966	2,203,171	-	729,927	3,236,842	8,172,171
Charges for services	379,181	-	965,792	-	-	-	1,716,540	3,061,513
Fines and forfeitures	3,168,412	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,168,412
Licenses and permits	1,104,641	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,104,641
Miscellaneous	846,115		6,886	79	28,139	9,090	100,162	990,471
Total revenues	19,937,820	2,632,710	2,069,717	2,203,250	961,914	739,017	6,574,040	35,118,468
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	2,718,870	-	-	-	-	69,397	-	2,788,267
Public safety	12,264,322	1,867,172	2,102,258	141,176	-	557,307	2,471,639	19,403,874
Public works	3,551,897	-	-	10	-	-	1,859,162	5,411,069
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,830,497	1,830,497
Cemetery	78,063	-	-	-	-	-	-	78,063
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	918,000	-	-	918,000
Interest	-	-	-	-	200,247	-	-	200,247
Capital outlay:								
Capital Outlay	177,703	-	251,571	2,133,486		6,372	587,626	3,156,758
Total expenditures	18,790,855	1,867,172	2,353,829	2,274,672	1,118,247	633,076	6,748,924	33,786,775
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,146,965	765,538	(284,112)	(71,422)	(156,333)	105,941	(174,884)	1,331,693
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	30,387	-	-	535,899	176,725	19,545	347,383	1,109,939
Transfers out	(882,443)	-	-	(111,738)	-	-	(20,383)	(1,014,564)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(852,056)			424,161	176,725	19,545	327,000	95,375
Net change in fund balances	294,909	765,538	(284,112)	352,739	20,392	125,486	152,116	1,427,068
Fund balances - beginning	7,896,996	2,344,880	1,055,248	1,272,100	1,523,882	290,288	2,157,237	16,540,631
Fund balances - ending	\$ 8,191,905	\$ 3,110,418	\$ 771,136	\$ 1,624,839	\$ 1,544,274	\$ 415,774	\$ 2,309,353	\$ 17,967,699

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended March 31, 2019

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 1,427,068
Capital assets:		
Capital outlays capitalized	\$ 3,156,758	
Depreciation expense	(3,506,550)	
Loss on disposal of assets	 (53,193)	(402,985)
Change in deferred inflows of resources-pension plan		(610,771)
Change in deferred outflows of resources - pension plan		(3,729)
Change in deferred inflows of resources-other post employment benefits		(8,524)
Change in deferred outflows of resources - other post employment benefits		7,803
Long-term debt:		
Principal portion of debt service payments	918,000	
Change in bond premiums	(7,660)	
Change in liability for compensated absences	42,088	
Change in net pension liability	533,482	
Change in other post employment benefits	52,717	 1,538,627
Change in net position - governmental activities		\$ 1,947,489

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS March 31, 2019

	Business-type Activities							
	WATER	SEWER	Total Enterprise Funds					
	UTILITY	UTILITY						
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 288,438	\$ 2	\$ 288,440					
Receivables, net	394,625	373,281	767,906					
Due from other funds	455,711	-	455,711					
Total current assets	1,138,774	373,283	1,512,057					
Noncurrent assets:								
Capital assets, net	9,267,176	17,899,430	27,166,606					
Total noncurrent assets	9,267,176	17,899,430	27,166,606					
Total assets	10,405,950	18,272,713	28,678,663					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred outflows of resources	681,675	450,085	1,131,760					
Total deferred outflows of resources	681,675	450,085	1,131,760					
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	77,401	141,827	219,228					
Accrued liabilities	38,430	-	38,430					
Accrued compensated absences	26,536	25,921	52,457					
Due to other funds	-	455,711	455,711					
Bonds Payable	50.000	50,000	100,000					
Total current liabilities	192,367	673,459	865,826					
Noncurrent liabilities:		,	,					
Customer deposits	546,200	-	546,200					
Accrued compensated absences	45,017	77,527	122,544					
Bonds Payable	267,500	267,500	535,000					
Pension Liability	2,075,543	1,397,247	3,472,790					
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,934,260	1,742,274	4,676,534					
Total liabilities	3,126,627	2,415,733	5,542,360					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows of resources	72,434	50,690	123,124					
Total deferred inflows of resources	72,434	50,690	123,124					
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	6,693,959	9,850,615	16,544,574					
Restricted for:	0,075,757	7,050,015	10,577,574					
Capital projects	-	23,984	23,984					
Water Tower Maintenance	52,750	23,704	52,750					
Unrestricted	1,141,853	6,381,778	7,523,631					
Total net position	\$ 7,888,562	\$ 16,256,377	\$ 24,144,939					
דטנמו ווכו אסגווטוו	φ 7,000,302	φ 10,230,377	φ 24,144,939					

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended March 31, 2019

	Business-type Activities							
		VATER	SEWER		Total Enterprise			
	U	TILITY	UTILITY		Funds			
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	3,296,886	\$	3,100,414	\$	6,397,300		
Miscellaneous		54,014		17,287		71,301		
Total operating revenues		3,350,900		3,117,701		6,468,601		
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Personnel expense		1,454,622		1,153,525		2,608,147		
Operating supplies and purchases		309,902		212,515		522,417		
Building and maintenance expenses		260,205		270,400		530,605		
Outside service		196,889		883,093		1,079,982		
Transportation		85,503		43,689		129,192		
General expenses		359,353		243,932		603,285		
Depreciation		545,144		831,191		1,376,335		
Total operating expenses		3,211,618		3,638,345		6,849,963		
Operating income (loss)		139,282		(520,644)		(381,362)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment income		52		44		96		
Interest expense		(8,070)		(7,632)		(15,702)		
Loss on disposal of assets		10,377		1,505		11,882		
Ad valorem		-		588,151		588,151		
Rental Income		12,000		-		12,000		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		14,359		582,068		596,427		
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		153,641		61,424		215,065		
Transfers in		-		81,352		81,352		
Transfers out		-		(176,725)		(176,725)		
Change in net position		153,641		(33,949)		119,692		
Total net position - beginning		7,734,921		16,290,326		24,025,247		
Total net position - ending	\$	7,888,562	\$	16,256,377	\$	24,144,939		

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended March 31, 2019

	Business-type Activities					
			CEN		Total Enterprise	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	WAT	ER UTILITY	SEW	ER UTILITY		Funds
	\$	3,294,130	\$	3,087,006	\$	6 291 126
Cash receipts from customers Payments to employees	Ф	(1,366,450)	Ф	(1,096,528)	Э	6,381,136 (2,462,978)
Payments to suppliers		(1,300,430) (1,245,865)		(1,802,697)		(2,402,978) (3,048,562)
Other payments		(1,245,805) (7,037)		(1,802,097) (11,418)		(18,455)
Refunds of customer meter deposits		13,145		(11,410)		13,145
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		687,923		176,363		864,286
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING						
ACTIVITIES						
Ad valorem taxes		_		588,151		588,151
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities				588,151		588,151
The easily provided (used) by noncapital financing activities				566,151		500,151
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
		24.144		1 505		05 (71
Proceeds for sale of capital assets		24,166		1,505		25,671
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		2,047		12,373		14,420
Operating transfers in		-		81,352		81,352
Purchases of capital assets		(630,615)		(1,001,967)		(1,632,582)
Loans and loan repayments received from other funds		(247,239)		-		(247,239)
Loans to and repayments of loans to other funds		- (8.070)		247,239		247,239
Interest paid on capital debt Principal paid on capital debt		(8,070) (74,579)		(7,632) (89,108)		(15,702) (163,687)
Rental Income		(74,379) 12,000		(89,108)		12,000
Operating transfers out		12,000		(176,725)		(176,725)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(922,290)		(932,963)		(1,855,253)
The cash provided (used) by capital and related milatering activities		()22,2)0)		()32,)03)		(1,055,255)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest and dividends		52		44		96
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		52		44		96
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(234,315)		(168,405)		(402,720)
Balances - beginning of year		522,755		168,407		691,162
Balances - end of the year	\$	288,440	\$	2	\$	288,442
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided						
(used) by operating activities:						
Operating Income	\$	125,495	\$	(520,642)	\$	(395,147)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by		- ,		((,,
operating activities:						
Depreciation expense		545,144		831,191		1,376,335
Pension related expenses		54,511		37,148		91,659
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts Payable - Other		(7,037)		-		(7,037)
Accounts Payable - Supplier		(34,013)		(160,485)		(194,498)
Customer Receivables		(17,616)		(13,409)		(31,025)
Customer meter deposits payable		13,145		-		13,145
Accrued expenses		8,294		2,560		10,854
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	687,923	\$	176,363	\$	864,286

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. General Statement

The City of Gretna, Louisiana (the City) was incorporated in June 1913, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The City operates under a Mayor and City Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, drainage, sanitation, health, social services, recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:517 and to the guidelines set forth in the *Louisiana Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, and the industry audit guide, *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units* and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). As allowed in Section P80 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, the City has elected not to apply Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee of Accounting Procedure issued after November 30, 1989. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

2. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's basic financial statements include the accounts of all City operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the City can impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the City has no component units.

3. Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position) report information on all of the activities of the City. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The City segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The City has presented the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

Fire Protection Fund

The Fire Protection Fund is used to account for 17.36 mills in ad valorem tax specifically dedicated for the purchase and maintenance of fire fighting equipment and to provide for payment of contractual obligations to the City's volunteer fire company to provide fire protection to the City and its citizens.

Ambulance Fund

The Ambulance Fund is used to account for 6.69 mills in ad valorem tax specifically dedicated for the salaries and purchases of medical supplies and equipment necessary to operate the City's EMT department which provides emergency medical services to the City and its citizens.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources and expenditures in connection with the acquisition of capital facilities and major capital improvements.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the collection of Sales Tax revenues and the payment of principal and interest on the Series 2009A and 2009B Sales Tax Bonds and 2014 and 2016 Refunding Bonds.

Grant Fund

The Grant Fund is used to account for grant revenues and expenses received by both City services as well as the Gretna Police Department. Any fund balances represent grant revenues to be expended in future years.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accounting objectives are determinations of net income, financial position and cash flow. All assets and liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Position. The City has presented the following major proprietary funds:

Municipal Waterworks System Fund

The Municipal Waterworks System Fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing, and related debt service and billing.

Municipal Sewer System Fund

The Municipal Sewer System Fund is used to account for the provision of sewer services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing, and related debt service billing.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of personnel and contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, including unbilled water and sewer services which are accrued. Expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. A one-year availability period is used for recognition of all other Governmental Fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

The revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, franchise fees, charges for service, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. Sales taxes collected and held by the Parish at year end on behalf of the government are also recognized as revenue. All other governmental fund revenues are recognized when received.

5. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The procedures used by the City in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements are as follows:

- **a**. Not less than 30 days before the end of the fiscal year, the Mayor recommends to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- **b.** The proposed budget is summarized and advertised and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for inspection and that within 10 days thereafter public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- **c.** The budget is then legally enacted through Councilmanic ordinance.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

5. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

- **d**. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a department or line item changes within the department greater than \$10,000 must be approved by the City Council. Any revisions less than \$10,000 can be changed by the finance director for city departments with approval of the Mayor or for police department with approval of the Chief of Police.
- e. The level of budget control is at the division, department, or project level; and expenditures/encumbrances may not exceed appropriations until additional appropriations have been provided. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Enterprise Funds. Effective control of cost is, therefore, maintained by Councilmanic action that approves a budget for each project and is controlled on a project life basis.
- **f.** Budgets for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Enterprise Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), except that encumbrances are treated as budgeted expenditures in the year of incurrence of the commitment to purchase. Budgetary comparisons presented for the General Fund, Major Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Projects Fund (for presentation purposes only) in the accompanying financial statements are on this non-GAAP budgetary basis. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the City Council.
- g. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

6. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, and money market accounts. Under state law, the City may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana. Under state law, the City may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates. These are classified as investments if their original maturities exceed 90 days; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash. Investments are stated at cost.

The City maintains a cash investment pool (Central Depository Account) that is used by all of the City's funds. Each fund's portion of this cash pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as cash. Investments are separately held by several of the City's funds.

Cash and cash equivalents, for cash flow statement purposes, include investments in highly liquid debt instruments with maturities of three months or less, including amounts whose use is limited by board designation.

7. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

8. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "due from or to other funds".

9. Transactions Between Funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds. For purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

10. Restricted Assets

Restricted Assets include cash and investments in the General, Capital Projects, Sales Tax and Proprietary Funds which are restricted as to their use. These restrictions are principally related to requirements of bond issues, utility meter deposits, and funds dedicated for future needs or obligations. It is the City's policy to use restricted assets before unrestricted assets for their intended purpose.

11. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over one year of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Description	<u>Life In Years</u>
Buildings	25-40
Water and Sewer Systems	40
Infrastructure	20-40
Machinery and Equipment	5-20
Improvements	20-30

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

12. Compensated Absences

Employees are allowed to accrue annual leave. In addition, employees are allowed to accrue up to 45 days of sick leave. The balance accumulated is paid to employees upon termination. The current and non-current portion of this obligation in the governmental funds is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The current and non-current balance of this obligation in the proprietary funds is recorded in the fund financial statements.

13. Long Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are recognized as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as expenditures only when due.

14. Fund Equity

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Financial Statements

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- **a.** Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- **b.** Restricted net position Consists of assets with constraints placed on the use either by:
 - 1. external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or
 - 2. law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **c.** Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

14. Fund Equity (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2013, the City implemented GASB 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- **a.** Nonspendable This component includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **b. Restricted** This component consists of amounts that have constraints placed on them either externally by third parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legal requirement (compelled by external parties) that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.
- **c. Committed** This component consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the City Council, which is the highest level of decision making authority for the City. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to commit those amounts.
- **d.** Assigned This component consists of amounts that are constrained by the City Council Members' intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the City Council.
- e. Unassigned This classification represents amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) are available for use it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, then unassigned as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) are available for use it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, then unassigned as they are needed. The City does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

15. Revenues and Expenditure Recognition

a. Ad Valorem Taxes. Ad Valorem taxes are recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are levied. Taxes are due and become an enforceable lien on property on the first day of the month following the filing of the tax rolls by the assessor with the Louisiana Tax Commission (usually December 1). City taxes are billed and collected by the City.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

15. Revenues and Expenditure Recognition (Continued)

a. Ad Valorem Taxes. (Continued)

Taxes become delinquent on January 1st in the year after levy. Taxes are levied on property values determined by the Jefferson Parish Assessor's Office. All land and residential improvements are assessed at 10 percent of its fair market value and other property at 15 percent of its fair market value. Ad valorem taxes are levied (per \$1,000 assessed value) in varying amounts for maintenance and operation, debt service and capital improvements for the City and are distributed to its funds as follows:

2010

	2018						
<u>FUND</u>	MILLAGE						
	City of	Timberlane					
	Gretna	Subdivision					
General Fund	23.44	23.44					
Fire Protection Fund	17.36						
Recreation Fund	4.50	4.50					
Street Light Improvements Fund	4.00	4.00					
Ambulance Fund	6.69	6.69					
Social Services For The Aged Fund	0.50	0.50					
Municipal Sewer System Fund	4.03						
	60.52	39.13					

b. Sales and Use Tax. For the year ended March 31, 2019, a 4.75% local sales and use tax was levied and collected within the City of Gretna by the Jefferson Parish Sheriff's Office of which 3.25% was received by the City of Gretna and dedicated for the following purposes:

1/4 percent is levied by law enforcement

- 1954 ¹/₂ percent sales tax collected solely for the purpose of constructing and maintaining public roads, highways and bridges within the city
- 1966 ¹/₂ percent sales tax collected for general purposes determined by the Council
- 1981 ¹/₂ percent sales tax is collected and distributed as follows:

1/3 of $\frac{1}{2}$ percent collected parishwide is dedicated for operation and maintenance of city drainage facilities

2/3 of $\frac{1}{2}$ percent collected for operation, maintenance, and capital improvements of drainage and sewerage facilities

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

15. Revenues and Expenditure Recognition (Continued)

b. Sales and Use Tax. (Continued)

1984 1 percent sales tax is collected and distributed as follows:

7/8 percent was dedicated to the purchase, construction, acquisition and improvement of the Sewer Capital Program. In 1998, a rededication and extension of this tax was approved to dedicate revenues to the cost of maintenance and replacement of sewerage facilities, and the construction, improvement or maintenance of public roads, streets, or highways located in the city, including the cost of reconstruction, rehabilitation, base stabilization, drainage, adjustments and related sidewalks and curbs. The proceeds of the tax collected within the boundaries, as presently constituted, of each municipality within the Parish shall be returned to each municipality to be used for any lawful purpose. The remaining 1/8 percent of tax collected is to provide funds for law enforcement purposes.

c. Revenues Susceptible to Accrual. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, some revenues are susceptible to accrual while others are not. Major revenues treated as susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, charges for services, and certain state shared revenues such as beer tax.

16. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of financial position reports separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. The City currently reports a deferred inflow on deferred revenue as well as deferred outflows and inflows related to its participation in a defined pension plan and other postemployment benefits.

Deferred Outflows of Resources- Represents consumption of resources that are applicable to future reporting periods that will be reported in a separate section after assets.

Deferred Inflows-Deferred Revenue- Represents acquisition of resources that are applicable to a future reporting period that will be reported in separate section after liabilities.

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP AND ACCOUNTABILITY

1. Budgets and Budget Monitoring

The City adopts annual budgets for its governmental and enterprise funds on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Details of the budget adoption process are presented at Note A-5.

The City was in compliance with Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1301 in regards to the adoption of its budget.

a. The Capital Projects Fund is presented with budgetary information for presentation purposes only. Capital projects are budgeted on a project basis as opposed to a fiscal year basis.

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

2. Deposits and Investment Laws and Regulations

In accordance with state law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. As reflected in Note C-1 regarding cash, cash equivalents, and investments, the City was in compliance with the deposits and investments laws and regulations.

3. Deficit Fund Equity

As of March 31, 2019, no City funds had deficit fund equities.

4. Compliance With Bond and Other Debt Covenants

As of March 31, 2019, the City was in compliance in all material respects with its various bond and debt covenants.

NOTE C - NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

1. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

a. Cash and Cash Equivalents.

At March 31, 2019, the City's cash and cash equivalents (book balances) total \$15,277,081 of which \$15,263,915 is in interest-bearing demand deposits, \$0 is in non-interest bearing demand deposits and cash on hand is \$13,166. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance and/or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. The securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually agreeable to both parties.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. At March 31, 2019, the City had \$15,934,126 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits were fully secured from risk by \$511,066 of federal deposit insurance and \$16,830,858 pledged securities held by the custodial bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank (GASB Category 3) and therefore not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Even though the deposits are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Statement 3 since the pledged securities are held, LSA-R.S. 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within ten (10) days of being notified by the city that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

NOTE C – NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

1. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

b. Investments

The City's investments in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP) total \$418,899. LAMP is a local government investment pool established as a cooperative effort to enable public entities of the State of Louisiana to aggregate funds for investments.

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 150.165, the investment in LAMP is not categorized in the three risk categories provided by GASB Codification Section 150.165 because the investment is in the pool of funds and thereby not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a nonprofit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, and is governed by a board of directors comprised of representatives from various local governments and state-wide professional organizations. Only local governments having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest. Accordingly, LAMP investments are restricted to securities issued, guaranteed, or backed by the U.S. Treasury, the U.S. Government, or one of its agencies, enterprises, or instrumentalities, as well as repurchase agreements collateralized by those securities. The dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 60 days, and consists of no security with a maturity in excess of 397 days. The fair value of a share in LAMP is the same as the book value (i.e., a share in the pool is always worth \$1.00 per share). LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest Rate Risk is defined as the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to fully recover the value of the investment. Investments in external investment pools are not exposed to custodial credit risk because of their natural diversification and the diversification required by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

A copy of the LAMP's audited financial report can be obtained on the LAMP website, www.lamppool.com.

NOTE C – NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

2. Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include ad valorem, sales taxes, franchise taxes, and grants. Business-type activities report utilities earnings as their major receivable.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as ad valorem, sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable comprise the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Class of Receivable	GeneralSpecial RevenueFundFunds			Proprietary Funds		
Taxes:						
Ad valorem	\$ 66,301	\$	87,280	\$	9,671	
Sales and use	639,476		96,983		-	
Intergovernmental						
Federal-grant	-		490,415		-	
State-grant	-		627,925		-	
Other	416,063		496,977		-	
Other:						
Accounts	-		187,981		758,235	
Other	 401,014		3,849			
Total	\$ 1,522,855	\$	1,991,410	\$	767,906	

The following is a summary of receivables for March 31, 2019, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts where applicable:

Uncollectible amounts due for ad valorem taxes and customers' utility receivables are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. The following details the description and amount of the allowance for uncollectible accounts at March 31, 2019.

NOTE C – NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

2. Receivables (Continued)

	Special										
	(General	Revenue	Proprietary							
Class of Receivable		Fund	Funds	Funds							
Taxes:											
Ad valorem	\$	98,339	\$ 177,909	\$	21,193						
Other:											
Accounts		-	49,093		145,418						
Total	\$	98,339	\$ 227,002	\$	166,611						

3. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019:

M	Balance March 31, 2018 Increases]	Decreases	Balance March 31, 2019			
\$	3,608,117	\$	82,683	\$	-	\$	3,690,800	
\$	49,398,237	\$	5,976,860	\$	-	\$	55,375,097	
	11,262,905		370,862		124,866		11,508,901	
	6,896,814		375,076		479,674		6,792,216	
	13,669,914		2,592,486		6,306,042		9,956,358	
	17,273,617		-		-		17,273,617	
\$	98,501,487	\$	9,315,284	\$	6,910,582	\$	100,906,189	
\$	12,406,625	\$	2,022,522	\$	-	\$	14,429,147	
	8,939,832		491,992		116,700		9,315,124	
	3,724,181		574,770		434,649		3,864,302	
	-		-		-		-	
	10,960,422		417,266		-		11,377,688	
\$	36,031,060	\$	3,506,550	\$	551,349	\$	38,986,261	
				-				
\$	62,470,427	\$	5,808,734	\$	6,359,233	\$	61,919,928	
\$	66,078,544	\$	5,891,417	\$	6,359,233	\$	65,610,728	
	\$ \$ \$ \$	March 31, 2018 \$ 3,608,117 \$ 49,398,237 11,262,905 6,896,814 13,669,914 17,273,617 \$ 98,501,487 \$ 12,406,625 8,939,832 3,724,181 10,960,422 \$ 36,031,060 \$ 62,470,427	March 31, 2018 \$ 3,608,117 \$ 49,398,237 \$ 11,262,905 6,896,814 13,669,914 17,273,617 \$ 98,501,487 \$ 12,406,625 \$ 8,939,832 3,724,181 10,960,422 \$ 36,031,060 \$ 62,470,427	March 31, 2018 Increases \$ 3,608,117 \$ 82,683 \$ 49,398,237 \$ 5,976,860 11,262,905 370,862 6,896,814 375,076 13,669,914 2,592,486 17,273,617 - \$ 98,501,487 \$ 9,315,284 \$ 12,406,625 \$ 2,022,522 8,939,832 491,992 3,724,181 574,770 10,960,422 417,266 \$ 36,031,060 \$ 3,506,550 \$ 62,470,427 \$ 5,808,734	March 31, 2018 Increases I $\$$ 3,608,117 $\$$ 82,683 $\$$ $\$$ 49,398,237 $\$$ 5,976,860 $\$$ $$1,262,905$ 370,862 $$375,076$ $$375,076$ $$1,3669,914$ 2,592,486 $$17,273,617$ $ $$98,501,487$ $$9,315,284$ $$$$ $$$12,406,625$ $$2,022,522$ $$$8,939,832$ $$491,992$ $$3,724,181$ $$574,770$ $ $10,960,422$ $$417,266$ $$$ $$36,031,060 $$3,506,550 $$ $$62,470,427 $$5,808,734 $$ $	March 31, 2018IncreasesDecreases\$ 3,608,117\$ 82,683\$ -\$ 49,398,237\$ 5,976,860\$ - $11,262,905$ 370,862124,866 $6,896,814$ 375,076479,674 $13,669,914$ 2,592,4866,306,042 $17,273,617$ \$ 98,501,487\$ 9,315,284\$ 6,910,582\$ 12,406,625\$ 2,022,522\$ -\$ 12,406,625\$ 2,022,522\$ -\$ 12,406,625\$ 2,022,522\$ -\$ 12,406,625\$ 2,022,522\$ -\$ 12,406,625\$ 2,022,522\$ -\$ 12,406,625\$ 2,022,522\$ -\$ 12,406,625\$ 2,022,522\$ -\$ 37,24,181574,770434,649\$ 36,031,060\$ 3,506,550\$ 551,349\$ 62,470,427\$ 5,808,734\$ 6,359,233	March 31, 2018 Increases Decreases March \$ 3,608,117 \$ 82,683 \$ - \$ \$ 49,398,237 \$ 5,976,860 \$ - \$ 11,262,905 370,862 124,866 6,896,814 375,076 479,674 13,669,914 2,592,486 6,306,042 17,273,617 - - \$ 98,501,487 \$ 9,315,284 \$ 6,910,582 \$ \$ 12,406,625 \$ 2,022,522 \$ - \$ \$ 98,501,487 \$ 9,315,284 \$ 6,910,582 \$ \$ 12,406,625 \$ 2,022,522 \$ - \$ $8,939,832$ 491,992 116,700 \$ $3,724,181$ 574,770 434,649 - $-$ - - - - $8,031,060$ \$ 3,506,550 \$ 551,349 \$ \$ 62,470,427 \$ 5,808,734 \$ 6,359,233 \$	

NOTE C – NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Governmental activities capital assets net of accumulated depreciation at March 31, 2019, are comprised of the following:

General Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>65,610,729</u>
Total	<u>\$ 65,610,729</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 395,911
Public Safety	1,342,240
Public Works	1,331,603
Culture and Recreation	 436,796
Total	\$ 3,506,550

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019:

	Ma	urch 31, 2018	Increases		Decreases		Ma	rch 31, 2019
Business-Type Activities:								
Land	\$	299,988	\$	-	\$	-	\$	299,988
Buildings		16,762,716		-		-		16,762,716
Furniture and fixtures		25,951		-		-		25,951
Equipment and vehicles Construction in progress		33,773,451 1,196,704	,	65,527 77,309	51 2,010	1,174),254		35,787,804 763,759
	\$	52,058,810	\$ 3,6	42,836	\$2,06	1,428	\$	53,640,218
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and equipment		25,148,450	1,3	76,336	5	l,174		26,473,612
Total	\$	26,910,360	\$2,2	66,500	\$2,010),254	\$	27,166,606

Property, plant, and equipment are stated at cost, less an allowance for accumulated depreciation. Depreciation expense is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings	25-40 years
Equipment	5-20 years
Infrastructure	20-40 years

NOTE C – NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds; however, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The adjustment from governmental funds to the government-wide statements is summarized as follows:

Primary Government

Capital outlay	\$ 3,156,758
Gain on sale of assets	(53,193)
Depreciation expense	(3,506,550)
Total Adjustment	\$ (402,985)

4. Long-Term Debt

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended March 31, 2019:

							D	ue Within		
Type of Debt	March 31, 2018		Additions		Reductions		March 31, 2019		One Year	
Governmental Activities, net:										
Tax Bonds	\$	11,404,000	\$	-	\$	918,000	\$	10,486,000	\$	935,000
Promissory Note		129,668		-		64,833		64,835		64,835
EPA Brownsfield Loan		488,500		-		-		488,500		-
Net Pension Liability		23,608,160		-		533,482		23,074,678		-
Other Post Employment Benefits OPEB		1,044,148		-		52,717		991,431		-
Compensated Absences		2,095,668		_		42,090		2,053,578		316,789
Total General Long-Term Debt	\$	38,770,144	\$	_	\$	1,611,122	\$	37,159,022	\$	1,316,624
Business-Type Activities:										
Water Fund Participation Notes	\$	27,080	\$	-	\$	27,080	\$	-	\$	-
Sewer Fund Participation Notes		41,608		-		41,608		-		-
Water Fund 2015 Bond Issue		365,000		-		47,500		317,500		50,000
Sewer Fund 2015 Bond Issue		365,000		-		47,500		317,500		50,000
Net Pension Liability		3,458,246		14,544		-		3,472,790		-
Compensated Absences		152,032		22,968				175,000		52,457
Total Business Type Activities Debt	\$	4,408,966	\$	37,512	\$	163,688	\$	4,282,790	\$	152,457

NOTE C – NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

4. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Bonded debt as of March 31, 2019, is comprised of the following governmental activities serial bond issues:

	Final Range				nnual		
	Interest	Maturity	Principal Payment			Amount	
Description	Rates	Date	From	То		Outstanding	
Sales tax bonds:							
2/25/2010 issue of \$5,270,000	2.50-4.75	2/1/2029	\$ 45,000	\$	45,000	\$	45,000
6/8/2010 issue of \$3,228,000	0.45	2/1/2029	170,000		185,000		1,771,000
11/13/2014 refunding of \$6,085,000	2.05	2/1/2024	660,000		715,000		3,430,000
12/16/2016 refunding of \$5,025,000	1.7	2/1/2029	60,000		980,000		5,240,000
Subtotal							10,486,000
EPA Brownsfield Loan	0.00	n/a	-		-		488,500
Promissory Note	0.00	9/1/2019	64,835		64,835		64,835
Total						\$	11,039,335

Governmental Activities:

Sales Tax Bonds:

In 2010, the City issued \$5,270,000 of Sales Tax Bonds Series 2009B for the purpose of Public Buildings project. The bonds are secured by an irrevocable pledge and dedication of the proceeds of the City's 1955 1% and 1966 ½% Sales and Use Tax.

In 2010, the City issued \$3,228,000 of Sales Tax Bonds Series 2009A-State Revolving Fund purchased by "DEQ" for the purpose of wastewater treatment plant upgrades and rehabilitation. The bonds are secured by an irrevocable pledge and dedication of the proceeds of the City's 1955 1% and 1966 ¹/₂% Sales and Use Tax.

In 2014, the City issued \$6,085,000 of Sales Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2014 with a 2.05% interest rate. The City issued the bonds for the purpose of refunding \$6,375,000 aggregate principal amount of the Series 2004 Sales Tax Bonds. The advance refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next 10 years by \$640,679 or an annual average reduction of \$56,699. This results in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$579,689. The refunded bonds are secured by an irrevocable pledge and dedication of the proceeds of the City's 1955 1% and 1966 ½% Sales and Use Tax.

In 2016, the City issued \$5,360,000 of Sales Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2016 with a 1.70% interest rate. The City issued the bonds for the purpose of refunding \$4,890,000 aggregate principal amount of the Series 2009B Sales Tax Bonds. The advance refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next 13 years by \$751,302 or an annual average reduction of \$57,793. This results in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$620,255. The refunded bonds are secured by an irrevocable pledge and dedication of the proceeds of the City's 1955 1% and 1966 ½% Sales and Use Tax.

At March 31, 2019, \$1,544,274 was available in the debt service fund for servicing of these bonds.

Promissory Note:

In 2013, the City executed a non-interest bearing promissory note for \$389,000 with the Parish of Jefferson, payable in 6 annual installment payments of \$64,833. The purpose of the promissory note was for the purchase of 327 Huey P. Long Avenue, Gretna, Louisiana.

NOTE C – NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

4. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Compensated Absences:

Effective December 12, 2012, the City's annual (vacation) and sick leave policy was revised. Each employee shall earn and accumulate sick leave with pay at the rate of 6.5 days per year. After the completion of 3 years of continuous employment each employee shall earn 13 days per year. Employees may never accrue more than 45 days of sick leave.

Full Time employees of the City with less than 5 years of continuous service shall accumulate vacation time at the rate of 10.4 days per year. An employee with more than 5 but less than 10 years of continuous service shall accumulate vacation time at the rate of 13 days per year. Employees with 10 or more years of continuous service shall accumulate vacation time at the rate of 15.6 days per year. Employees having 20 years of continuous service shall accumulate vacation time at the rate of 19.5 days per year. Employees may never accrue more than 60 days of vacation. Therefore, once an employee has accrued 60 days of vacation, vacation hours must be used in order to accrue more hours. Employees may elect an option to sell days at a rate of 50% of their current rate of pay.

Full Time employees of the Police Department with less than 10 years of continuous service shall accumulate vacation time at the rate of 15 days per year. Police Department employees with at least 11 years but less than 15 years shall accumulate vacation time at a rate of 18 days per year. Police Department employees with at least 16 years accumulate vacation time at a rate of 21 days per year. Employees may elect an option to sell days at a rate of 50% of their current rate of pay.

At March 31, 2019, the amount of accumulated annual and sick leave and salary-related cost was \$2,053,577 for all governmental funds with a current liability of \$316,789 and \$175,000 for the proprietary funds with a current liability of \$52,457.

Business-Type Activities:

Participation Notes:

In 1999, the City borrowed a \$4,000,000 line of credit made available by the Louisiana Local Government Environmental Facilities and Community Development Authority. These Notes carry an adjustable rate of interest at 1% over the "Bond Market Association Index". Final payment is due May 31, 2019. This debt is reflected as a liability in the City's Municipal Water and Sewer System Fund. As of March 31, 2019, \$64,833 remains outstanding with \$64,833 reported as current liabilities.

Limited Tax Bonds:

In 2015, the City issued \$1,000,000 of Limited Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2016 for the purpose of making capital improvements and acquiring equipment, including water meter upgrades. The bonds are secured by an irrevocable pledge and dedication of the proceeds derived from the levy and collection of a special tax of 4.03 mills which the Issuer is authorized to impose and collect in each year through the year 2025.

NOTE C – NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

4. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service to maturity on bonds and notes, including interest of \$1,030,391 are as follows:

		Sales Tax		ales Tax		Sales Tax		Sales Tax				Utility	
Year Ending		Bonds		Bonds	Refi	unding Bonds	Refi	inding Bonds	Pr	omissory	Limit	ed Tax Bond	
Date	Se	eries 2009A	Ser	ies 2009B	S	eries 2014	S	eries 2016		Note	Se	eries 2015	 Total
3/31/2020	\$	186,825	\$	46,800	\$	730,315	\$	149,080	\$	64,835	\$	113,018	\$ 1,290,873
3/31/2021		186,210		-		726,785		198,060		-		110,968	1,222,023
3/31/2022		186,585		-		728,050		196,190		-		113,918	1,224,743
3/31/2023		186,942		-		729,008		194,320		-		111,765	1,222,034
3/31/2024		186,279		-		729,658		197,450		-		114,613	1,228,000
3/31/25-3/31/29		931,992		-		-		4,979,205		-		117,358	6,028,555
Total debt service to													
maturity	\$	1,864,833	\$	46,800	\$	3,643,816	\$	5,914,305	\$	64,835	\$	681,638	\$ 12,216,226
Less amounts representi	ng inte	erest:											
3/31/2020	\$	16,825	\$	1,800	\$	70,315	\$	89,080	\$	-	\$	13,018	\$ 191,038
3/31/2021		15,210		-		56,785		88,060		-		10,968	171,023
3/31/2022		13,585		-		43,050		86,190		-		8,918	151,743
3/31/2023		11,942		-		29,008		84,320		-		6,765	132,034
3/31/2024		10,279		-		14,658		82,450		-		4,613	112,000
3/31/25-3/31/29		25,992		-		-		244,205		-		2,358	 272,555
Total interest		93,833		1,800		213,816		674,305		-		46,638	 1,030,391
Total principal	\$	1,771,000	\$	45,000	\$	3,430,000	\$	5,240,000	\$	64,835	\$	635,000	\$ 11,185,835

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the bond indenture. The City is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions, including federal arbitrage regulations.

5. Segments of Enterprise Activities

Some services provided by the City of Gretna, Louisiana, are financed by user charges, specifically the City's Municipal Waterworks and Sewer Systems. The significant financial data for these enterprises are as follows:

-	Water System		Sewerage	Total		
Operating Revenues	\$	3,350,901	\$ 3,117,702	\$	6,468,603	
Operating Expenses						
Depreciation		545,144	831,191		1,376,335	
Other Expenses		2,666,473	 2,807,153		5,473,626	
Total Operating Expenses		3,211,617	3,638,344		6,849,961	
Operating Income (Loss)		139,284	(520,642)		(381,358)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expense)		14,359	486,695		1,075,940	
Net Income (Loss)		153,643	(33,947)		119,696	
Change in Net Position		153,643	(33,947)		119,696	
Beginning Net Position		7,734,921	 16,290,326		24,025,247	
Ending Net Position	\$	7,888,564	\$ 16,256,379	\$	24,144,943	

A single revenue stream is not dedicated for the repayment of debt; therefore, the condensed financial information for the statement of net position and cash flows is not presented.

NOTE C – NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

6. Interfund Transfers

The following is a summary of the operating transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019:

	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
General Fund:				
Capital Projects Fund	\$	30,387	\$	535,899
Court Security Fund		-		77,000
Grant Fund		-		19,545
Tourism Fund				250,000
Total General Fund		30,387		882,443
Special Revenue Funds:				
Capital Projects Fund		535,899		111,738
Court Security Fund		77,000		-
Debt Service Fund		176,725		-
Grant Fund		19,545		-
Recreation Fund		-		20,383
Tourism Fund		270,383		-
Total Special Revenue Funds		1,079,551		132,121
Enterprise Fund:				
Sewer		81,352		176,725
Total Enterprise Funds		81,352		176,725
Total All Funds	\$	1,191,289	\$	1,191,289

The General Fund transfers funds earmarked in prior years and budgeted for specific construction and tourism related activities. Other transfers from the General Fund were made to meet various one-time obligations. The Capital Projects Fund also allocated district specific funds for public works projects to the General Fund.

7. Interfund Receivables and Payable

The following is a summary of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet interfund receivables and payables at March 31, 2019:

	Due From		Due To		
General Fund:					
Court Security Fund	\$	174,925	\$	-	
Grant Fund		10,655		-	
Tourism Fund		209,083		-	
Total General Fund		394,663		-	
Special Revenue Funds:					
Court Security Fund		-		174,925	
Grant Fund		-		10,655	
Tourism Fund		-		209,083	
Total Special Revenue Funds		-		394,663	
Enterprise Funds:					
Water		455,711		-	
Sewer		-		455,711	
Total Enterprise Funds		455,711		455,711	
Total All Funds	\$	850,374	\$	850,374	

NOTE C – NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

7. Interfund Receivables and Payable (Continued)

The special revenue fund balances represent short-term receivables and payables incurred in the normal course of the City operations. The enterprise fund balances represent loans made by the general fund to the utility funds over several years when utility rates were insufficient to cover recurring utility cost in order to fund operations. In 2011, water and sewer rates were increased to cover the cost of operations and repay the general fund over a ten-year period. These funds were repaid in the current fiscal year ahead of schedule. Additionally, an automatic adjustment is made annually based on the percentage change in the CPI in an effort to raise and maintain revenues necessary for operations and to fund necessary infrastructure improvements.

8. Fund Balances

The following illustrates the specific purposes of each classification of fund balance in the financial statements:

			Major Governmental		Other Governmental			
	General Fund		00	Funds		Funds		Total
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items	\$	301,714	\$	-	\$	-	\$	301,714
Restricted:								
Debt service		-		1,544,274		-		1,544,274
Committed:								
Capital projects fund		-		1,624,839		-		1,624,839
Encumbrances		78,361		137		-		78,498
Emergency preparation		271,908		-		-		271,908
Contingencies		275,152		-		-		275,152
Total Committed:		625,420		1,624,976		-		2,250,396
Assigned:								
Court management		240,551		-		-		240,551
Culture & recreation		-		-		848,056		848,056
Economic Investment		1,896,894		-		-		1,896,894
Property Seizure		376,245		-		-		376,245
Public works		-		-	1,	142,676		1,142,676
Public safety		-		3,881,417		318,621		4,200,038
Subsequent year expenditures		_		415,774		-		415,774
Total Assigned:		2,513,690		4,297,191	2,	309,353		9,120,234
Unassigned:		4,751,080		-		-		4,751,080
Total Fund Balance	\$	8,191,904	\$	7,466,441	\$2,	309,353	\$ 1	7,967,698

NOTE D – TAX ABATEMENTS

As of March 31, 2019, the City provides tax abatement through one program – the River Express Development Zone 1. This is a local sales tax increments and local ad valorem (property) tax economic development incentive program. The program is authorized under Part II, Chapter 27, Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, as amended (LA. R.S. 33:9038.31, *et seq.*) (the "EDD Act"). Therefore, the City created such a program for the furtherance of economic development projects funded through the incremental increases in such sales taxes with a sales tax match from the City and property taxes collected in the designated district. The qualification requires infrastructure improvements within the district to be reimbursed at a maximum of \$2,000,000 within eight years from the certificate of occupancy of the first develop on site of the district.

The amount of tax abatements granted during 2019 under this program is as follows:

Sales Tax \$100,296

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES

1. Retirement Plans

Substantially all employees of the City are required by State law to belong to retirement plans administered by the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) or the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MPERS), both of which are administered on a statewide basis. Each plan issues a separate financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Those reports may be obtained by writing or calling the plan.

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana 7937 Office Park Boulevard Baton Rouge, LA 70809 (225) 925-4810 www.mersla.com

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana 7722 Office Park Boulevard, Suite 200 Baton Rouge, LA 70809-7601 (225) 929-7411 www.lampers.org

Disclosures relating to these plans follow:

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS)

Plan Description. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (the System) is the administrator of a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The System was originally established by Act 356 of the 1954 regular session of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana.

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES (Continued)

1. Retirement Plans (Continued)

The System provides retirement benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns and cities within the State which do not have their own retirement system, and which elect to become members of the System. For the year ended June 30, 2018, there were 86 contributing municipalities in Plan A.

Eligibility Requirements. Membership is mandatory as a condition of employment beginning on the date employed if the employee is on a permanent basis working at least thirty-five hours per week. Those individuals paid jointly by a participating employer and the parish are not eligible for membership in the System with exceptions as outlined in the statutes.

Benefits Provided. The following is a description of the plan and its benefits, and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement Benefits

Any member of Plan A who was hired before January 1, 2013, can retire providing the member meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with twenty-five (25) or more years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten (10) years of creditable service.
- 3. Any age with five (5) years of creditable services eligible for disability benefits.
- 4. Survivor's benefits require five (5) or more years creditable service with legal spouse at least last 12 months before death 40% at age 60 or minimum of 20% immediately (actuarially calculated).
- 5. Any age with twenty (20) years of creditable service, exclusive of military service with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

Eligibility for retirement for Plan A members hired on or after January 1, 2013, is as follows:

- 1. Age 67 with seven (7) or more years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 62 with ten (10) or more years of creditable service.
- 3. Age 55 with thirty (30) or more years of creditable service.
- 4. Any age with twenty-five (25) years of creditable service with an actuarially reduced early benefit.
- 5. Survivor's benefits require five or more years of creditable service with legal spouse at least last 12 months before death 40% at age 60 or minimum of 20% immediately (actuarially calculated).

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES (Continued)

1. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan A shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final average compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

Survivor Benefits

Upon death of any member of Plan A with five (5) or more years of creditable service, not eligible for retirement, the plan provides for benefits of the surviving spouse and/or minor children as outlined in the statutes.

Any Plan A member who is eligible for normal retirement at the time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other survivor benefits.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable, but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation. Interest earnings are based upon the actual rate of return on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. In addition, no cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment which made them eligible to become members of the System has been terminated for at least one full year.

Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the DROP may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments in the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund, or any other method of payment if approved by the board of trustees. If a participant dies during participation in the DROP, a lump sum equal to the balance in his account shall be paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate. If employment is not terminated at the end of the three years, payments into the DROP fund cease and the person resumes active contributing membership in the System.

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES (Continued)

1. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Disability Benefits

For Plan A, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement, and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan A shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of forty-five percent of his final average compensation or three percent of his final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service whichever is greater or an amount equal to three percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service projected to this earliest normal retirement age.

Cost of Living Increases

The System is authorized under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State law allows the System to grant an additional cost of living increase to all retirees and beneficiaries who are age sixty-five and above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977, or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date.

Deferred Benefit

The plan provides for deferred benefits for members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits will become payable. Benefits are based on statutes in effect at time of withdrawal.

Contributions. According to State Statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the System's year ending June 30, 2018, the actual employer contribution rate was 24.75% and the actual employee rate was 9.5% for Plan A. The City contributes both the employee and employer amounts and takes no deductions from the employees' pay for employees hired prior to April 1, 2013.

In accordance with State Statute, the System receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations. The City's proportionate share of these non-employer contributions totaled \$176,399 during the measurement period, of which \$133,746 is for governmental activities and \$42,653 is for business-type activities.

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES (Continued)

1. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At March 31, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$11,709,526 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the City's projected contribution effort to the plan for the next fiscal year as compared to the total of all employers' projected contribution effort to the plan for the next fiscal year actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was 2.827925%, which was an increase of 0.043272% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended March 31, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,214,707 plus employers' amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$119,583.

At March 31, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$-	\$ 416,325
experience		
Changes in assumptions	352,494	-
Differences between projected and actual		
investment earnings	1,794,411	-
Changes in proportionate share of the NPL	124,301	-
Differences between the City's contributions and		
its proportionate share of contributions	109,492	-
City's contributions subsequent to the		
March 31, 2019 measurement date	1,290,731	-
Total	\$ 3,671,399	\$ 416,325

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES (Continued)

1. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources of \$1,290,731 related to pensions resulting from the City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of Net Pension Liability in the year ended March 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending	Amount of				
March 31	Amortization				
2020	\$ 1,119,944				
2021	634,848				
2022	158,268				
2023	51,283				
	\$ 1,964,343				

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Expected Remaining Service Lives	3 years-Plan
Investment Rate of Return	7.275%
Inflation Rate	2.6%
Salary Increases, including inflation and	5.0%
merit increases	
Annuitant and Beneficiary Mortality	RP-2000 Healthy Sex Distinct Mortality table set forward 2 years for males and set forward 1 year for females projected to 2028 using scale AA
Employee Mortality	RP-2000 Employees Sex Distinct Table set back 2 years for both males and females.
Disabled Lives Mortality	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table set back 5 years for males and set back 3 years for females

Discount Rate

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES (Continued)

1. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target allocation as of June 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target Asset	Expected Portfolio
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	50%	2.20%
Public Fixed Income	35%	1.50%
Alternatives	15%	0.60%
Totals	100%	4.30%
Inflation		2.70%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		7.00%

The expected discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.275%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.275%, as well as what the City's Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.275%) or one percentage point higher (8.275%) than the current rate calculated at June 30, 2018.

	Changes in Discount Rate-Plan A				
	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	6.275%	7.275%	8.275%		
City's proportionate share of					
the Net Pension Liability	\$ 15,041,954	\$ 11,709,526	\$ 8,865,189		

Payables to the Pension Plan

At March 31,2019, the City had no payables due to MERS.

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES (Continued)

1. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MPERS)

Plan Description. The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (the System) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan. Membership in the System is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, providing he or she does not have to pay social security and providing he or she meets the statutory criteria. The System provides retirement benefits for municipal police officers. The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

Benefits Provided. Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 189 of 1973 and amended by LRS 11:2211-11:2233. The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement Benefits

Membership prior to January 1, 2013 – A member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 20 years of creditable service and is age 50 or has 12 years creditable service and is age 55. A member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of the System for 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Benefit rates are three and one-third percent of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, the benefits range from forty to sixty percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives benefits equal to ten percent of the member's average final compensation or \$200 per month, whichever is greater.

Membership Commencing January 1, 2013 – Member eligibility for regular retirement, early retirement, disability and survivor benefits are based on Hazardous Duty and Non Hazardous Duty sub plans. Under the Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 12 years of creditable service at age 55.

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES (Continued)

1. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Under the Non Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System for 30 years of creditable services at any at, 25 years of creditable service at age 55, or 10 years of creditable service at age 60. Under both sub plans, a member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of the System for 20 years of creditable service at any age, with actuarially reduced benefit from age 55.

Under the Hazardous and Non Hazardous Duty sub plans, the benefit rates are three percent and two and a half percent, respectively, of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, the benefits range from twenty-five to fifty-five percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives benefits equal to ten percent of the member's average final compensation or \$200 per month, whichever is greater. If deceased member had less than ten years of service, beneficiary will receive a refund of employee contributions only.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments

The MPERS Board of Trustees is authorized to provide annual cost of living adjustments computed on the amount of the current regular retirement, disability, beneficiary, or survivor's benefit, not to exceed 3% in any given year. The Board is authorized to provide an additional 2% COLA, computed on the member's original benefit, to all regular retirees, disability, survivors, and beneficiaries who are 65 years of age or older on the cut-off date which determines eligibility.

No regular retiree, survivor, or beneficiary shall be eligible to receive a cost-of-living adjustment until benefits have been received at least one full year and the payment of such COLA, when authorized, shall not be effective until the lapse of at least one-half of the fiscal year.

Members who elect early retirement are not eligible for a cost of living adjustment until they reach regular retirement age.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)

A member is eligible to elect to enter the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) when he is eligible for regular retirement based on the member's sub plan participation. Upon filing the application for the program, the employee's active membership in the System is terminated. At the entry date into the DROP, the employee and employer contributions cease. The amount to be deposited into the DROP account is equal to the benefit computed under the retirement plan elected by the participant at the date of application. The duration of participation in the DROP is thirty-six months or less. If employment is terminated after the three-year period, the participant may receive his benefits by lump sum payment or by a true annuity.

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES (Continued)

1. Retirement Plans (Continued)

If employment is not terminated, active contributing membership into the System shall resume and upon later termination, he shall receive additional retirement benefits based on the additional service. For those eligible to enter DROP prior to January 1, 2004, DROP accounts shall earn interest subsequent to the termination of DROP participation at a rate of half of one percentage point below the percentage rate of return of the System's investment portfolio as certified by the actuary on an annual basis but will never lose money. For those eligible to enter DROP subsequent to January 1, 2004, an irrevocable election is made to earn interest based on the System's investment portfolio return or a money market investment return. This could result in a negative earnings rate being applied to the account.

If the member elects a money market investment return, the funds are transferred to a government money market account.

Initial Benefit Option Plan

In 1999, the State Legislature authorized the System to establish an Initial Benefit Option (IBO) program. IBO is available to members who are eligible for regular retirement and have not participated in DROP. The IBO program provides both a one-time single lump sum payment of up to 36 months of regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest is computed on the balance based on the same criteria as DROP.

Contributions. Contributions for all members are actuarially determined as required by state law but cannot be less than 9% of the employees' earnable compensation excluding overtime but including state supplemental pay.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, total contributions for the System due from employers and employees were 40.75%. The employer and employee contribution rates for all members hired prior to January 1, 2013, and Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013, were 30.75% and 10%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all Non-Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013, were 30.75% and 8%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all ses than or equal to the poverty guidelines issued by the United States Department of Health and Human Services were 33.25% and 7.5%, respectively.

Non-Employer Contributions

The System also receives insurance premium tax monies as additional employer contributions. The tax is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the Legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions were recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2018, and excluded from pension expense. The City's proportionate share of these non-employer contributions totaled \$346,348 during the measurement period.

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES (Continued)

1. Retirement Plans (Continued)

The City's contractually required composite contribution rate for the year ended March 31, 2019, was 30.75% of annual payroll from April 1, 2018, to June 30, 2018, and 32.25% from July 1, 2018, to March 31, 2019, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. Additionally, the City contributes both the employee and employer amounts and takes no deductions from the employees' pay for employees hired prior to April 1, 2013.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At March 31, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$14,837,942 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the City's projected contribution effort to the plan for the next fiscal year as compared to the total of all employers' projected contribution effort to the plan for the next fiscal year, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was 1.755126%, which is a decrease of -0.010771% from its proportion measure as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended March 31, 2019, the City's recognized pension expense of \$2,297,359 plus the City's amortization of change in proportionate share and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$208,136.

At March 31, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 66,890	\$ 758,249
Changes in assumptions	711,298	-
Differences between projected and actual investment		
earnings	969,651	-
Changes in proportionate share of the NPL	-	121,078
Differences between the City's contributions and its		
proportionate share of contributions	182,759	-
City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		
City's contributions subsequent to the March 31, 2019		
measurement date	1,712,867	-
Total	\$ 3,643,465	\$ 879,327

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES (Continued)

1. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources of \$1,712,867 related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended March 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Amount of
Years Ending March 31	Amortization
 2020	\$ 892,851
2021	505,279
2022	(372,702)
2023	25,843
	\$ 1,051,271

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

June 30, 2018	
Entry Age Normal	
4 Years	-
2.60% per annum	
Years of	Salary Growth
Service	<u>Rate</u>
1-2	9.75%
3-23	4.75%
Over 23	4.25%
RP-2000 Combine	ed Healthy with Blue Collar
Adjustment Sex	Distinct Tables projected to
2029 by Scale AA	(set back 1 year for females)
for healthy annuita	ants and beneficiaries
RP-2000 Disabled	Lives Table set back 5 years
for males and set	back 3 years for females for
disabled annuitant	s
RP-2000 Employe	e Table set back 4 years for
males and 3 years	for females active members
The present value	of future retirement benefits
is based on benefi	ts currently being paid by the
System and includ	les previously granted cost-of-
living increases.	The present values do not
included provisi	ons for potential future
increases not yet	authorized by the Board of
Trustees.	
	2.60% per annum Years of <u>Service</u> 1-2 3-23 Over 23 RP-2000 Combine Adjustment Sex 2029 by Scale AA for healthy annuita RP-2000 Disabled for males and set disabled annuitant RP-2000 Employe males and 3 years The present value is based on benefit System and includ living increases. included provisi increases not yet

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES (Continued)

1. Retirement Plans (Continued)

The mortality rate assumption used was set based upon an experience study performed by the prior actuary on plan data for the period July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2014, and review of similar law enforcement mortality. The data was assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the System's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this morality were compared to those produced by using a setback of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that the tables used would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target allocation as of June 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

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		Long-Term
	Target Asset	Expected Portfolio
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity	52%	3.58%
Fixed Income	22%	0.46%
Alternatives	20%	1.07%
Other	6%	0.17%
Totals	100%	5.28%
Inflation		2.75%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		8.03%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate.

The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.20%, as well as what the City's Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.20%) or one percentage point higher (8.20%) than the current rate calculated at June 30, 2018.

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.20%	7.20%	8.20%
City's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	\$20,851,416	\$14,837,942	\$9,792,869

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES (Continued)

1. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Payables to the Pension Plan

At March 31, 2019, the City had no payables due to MPERS.

2. On Behalf Payments for Salaries

Supplemental pay which is paid directly to employees of the City of Gretna by the State of Louisiana, Department of Public Safety, is recognized as intergovernmental revenue and salaries expenditure in the year in which paid. For the year ended March 31, 2019, the amount recognized as revenue and expenditure was \$572,383.

3. Postemployment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description – The City of Gretna (the City) provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The City of Gretna's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the City. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section P52 *Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions—Reporting For Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria—Defined Benefit.*

Benefits Provided – Medical benefits are provided through a comprehensive medical plan and are made available to employees upon actual retirement. The employees are covered by two retirement systems whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are similar. We have used the following as representative of that eligibility: 25 years of service at any age, or age 60 and 10 years of service; for Police, 25 years of service at any age; age 50 and 20 years of service; age 55 and 12 years of service.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At March 31, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	236
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	9
	245

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$991,431 was measured as of March 31, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES (Continued)

3. Postemployment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs – The total OPEB liability in the March 31, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	4.0%, including inflation
Discount rate	3.89% annually (Beginning of Year to Determine ADC)
	3.79%, annually (As of End of Year Measurement Date)
Healthcare cost trend rates	Flat 5.5% annually

The discount rate was based on the average of the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index on the applicable measurement dates.

The RP-2000 combined healthy without projection.

The actuarial assumptions used in the March 31, 2019, valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from October 1, 2009, to March 31, 2019.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at March 31, 2018	\$ 1,044,148
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	22,152
Interest	38,429
Differences between expected and actual experience	(9,180)
Changes in assumptions	8,403
Benefit payments and net transfers	 112,521
Net changes	(52,717)
Balance at March 31, 2019	\$ 991,431

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56%) than the current discount rate:

	1.0% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1	1.0% Increase
	(2.56%)	(3.56%)		(4.56%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,079,658	\$ 991,431	\$	913,495

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES (Continued)

3. Postemployment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits (Continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (3.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.0%) than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1	.0% Decrease	;	Сι	arrent Trend	1	.0% Increase	
		(3.0%)			(4.0%)		(5.0%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	910,236	2	\$	991,431	\$	1,083,157	_

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended March 31, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$60,525. At March 31, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferr	ed Inflows
			of R	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(8,524)
Changes in assumptions		7,803		-
Total	\$	7,803	\$	(8,524)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending March 31:		
2019	(56)	
2020	(56)	
2021	(56)	
2022	(56)	
2023	(56)	
Thereafter	(448)	

4. Operating Leases

The City entered into an operating lease agreement for the lease of four vehicles for the Police Department. The lease term is for four years, which commenced in September 2017. The monthly lease payment beginning October 2017, is \$1,897. Rent expense for the year ended March 31, 2019, was \$22,760.

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4. Operating Leases (Continued)

The City entered into an operating lease agreement for the lease of five vehicles for the Police Department. The lease term is for five years, which commenced in April 2018. The monthly lease payment beginning April 2018, is \$3,591. Rent expense for the year ended March 31, 2019, was \$43,093.

The City entered into operating lease agreements for a variety of vehicles. The lease terms are for five years which have commenced at various periods between August 2016 and March 2019. The total monthly lease payments are \$11,874. Rent expense for the year ended March 31, 2019, was \$76,819.

The City's future minimum lease commitment under these operating leases as of March 31, 2019, is as follows:

March 31	Amount Due
2020	\$ 208,345
2021	208,345
2022	183,159
2023	126,240
2024	 66,340
Total	\$ 792,428

5. Changes in Accounting Policy

During the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019, the City of Gretna adopted GASB 75 related to post-employment benefits other than pension, as described in Note 3 as adoption of new financial accounting standards.

The adoption of GASB 75 had the following impact on the beginning net position at March 31, 2019:

	Governmental
	Activities
Net Position-April 1, 2018	\$ 50,087,416
Prior Period Adjustments:	
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principle:	(476,669)
GASB 75-Accounting and Financial	
Reporting for Post employment Benefits	
Other Than Pensions	
Net Position-April 1, 2018, as restated	\$ 49,610,747

NOTE E – OTHER NOTES (Continued)

6. New Accounting Standard

In June 2015, the GASB Issued Statement No. 75 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. The standard is effective for the year ending March 31, 2019, and the City has implemented GASB 75.

7. Contingencies and Commitments

The City is a defendant in several lawsuits including claims for damages from wrongful deaths, civil rights violations, injuries, property damage and other actions. The City's attorneys have evaluated the open claims for the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome to the City and an amount of potential loss. In most instances neither the outcome nor the amount of a potential loss could be estimated.

The City carries insurance for general liability coverage in the amount of \$3,000,000, wrongful act liability coverage in the amount of \$3,000,000, auto liability coverage in the amount of \$3,000,000, and excess liability coverage in the amount of \$10,000,000.

Deductibles under these coverage's are \$100,000 per occurrence. The City's third-party administrator has actuarially computed the City's liability in all cases as of March 31, 2019, to be \$846,106. The city has not accrued a liability on its financial statements to provide for the estimated amount nor has it provided a reserve for fund balance.

8. Subsequent Events

Management of the City of Gretna has evaluated subsequent events through September 27, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. The city is not aware of any subsequent events which would require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

	Budgeted		Actual GAAP	Adjustments To Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
REVENUES	Original	Final	Basis	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable)
Taxes	\$ 10,192,249	\$ 12,183,859	\$ 12,541,746	\$ -	\$ 12,541,746	\$ 357,887
Intergovernmental	1,777,593	1,845,593	1,897,723	-	1,897,723	52,130
Charges for services	355,300	334,500	379,181	-	379,181	44,681
Fines and forfeitures	3,356,550	3,069,050	3,168,413	-	3,168,413	99,363
Licenses and permits	1,071,700	1,061,000	1,104,641	-	1,104,641	43,641
Miscellaneous	391,016	685,476	846,115		846,115	160,639
Total revenues	17,144,408	19,179,478	19,937,819		19,937,819	758,341
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	2,890,227	2,833,140	2,718,870	(329)	2.718.541	114.599
Public safety	11,099,358	12,557,990	12,264,323	(53,647)	12,210,676	347,314
Public works	3,110,621	3,335,731	3,551,897	(9,244)	3,542,653	(206,922)
Cemetery	71,963	73,963	78,063	-	78,063	(4,100)
Capital outlay	210.233	245,339	177,703	64,717	242.420	2,919
Total expenditures	17,382,402	19,046,163	18,790,855	1,497	18,792,352	253,811
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
expenditures	(237,994)	133,315	1,146,964	(1,497)	1,145,467	1,012,152
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
(USES)						
Transfers in	-	-	30,387	-	30,387	30,387
Transfers out	(150,000)	(245,945)	(882,443)	-	(882,443)	(636,498)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(150,000)	(245,945)	(852,057)	-	(852,057)	(606,112)
Net change in fund balances	(387,994)	(112,630)	294,908	(1,497)	293,410	406,040
Fund balances - beginning	7,896,996	7,896,996	7,896,996	(76,860)	7,820,136	(76,860)
Fund balances - ending	\$ 7,509,002	\$ 7,784,366	\$ 8,191,904	\$ (78,357)	\$ 8,113,546	\$ 329,180

$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual GAAP	Adjustment To Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/	
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		¢ 2,525,000	¢ 2.020.000	¢ 2 974 070	¢	\$ 2,974,070	¢ (55.020)	
					р -			
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		0,947,249	7,550,659	7,972,052	-	7,972,032	415,775	
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Licenses and permits: Cocupational licenses 385,000 390,000 410,495 - 410,495 20,495 Alcoholic beverage 53,500 48,500 53,980 - 53,980 5,480 Chain store 13,000 15,000 13,055 - 13,055 (1,945) Plumbing 4,200 4,500 4,875 - 4,875 375 Electrical 6,500 6,600 6,600 - 6,600 100 Taxi cab 16,000 16,000 8,875 - 8,875 (7,125) Recreational 14,000 14,000 13,200 - 13,200 (800) Instruce 430,000 415,000 423,508 - 423,508 8,508 Fireworks 43,500 40,500 - 40,6862 - 10,6862 - 10,6862 - 10,6862 -	e							
$\begin{array}{cccc} Occupational licenses 385,000 390,000 410,495 - 410,495 20,495 \\ Alcoholic beverage 53,500 48,500 53,980 - 53,980 5,480 \\ Chain store 13,000 15,000 13,055 - 13,055 (1,945) \\ Plumbing 4,200 4,500 4,875 - 4,875 375 \\ Electrical 6,500 6,500 - 6,600 - 6,600 100 \\ Taxi cab 10,000 16,000 8,875 - 8,875 (7,125) \\ Recreational 14,000 14,000 13,200 - 13,200 (800) \\ Insurance 430,000 415,000 423,508 - 423,508 8,508 \\ Fireworks 43,500 43,500 44,0500 - 40,0500 (3,000) \\ Uber Fees 10,000 5,000 18,491 - 18,491 13,491 \\ Issuance fee 5,000 5,000 4,200 - 4,200 (800) \\ Building 100,000 98,000 106,862 - 106,862 8,862 \\ Total licenses and permits 1,071,700 1,061,000 1,104,641 - 1,104,641 43,641 \\ Intergovernmental: \\ Grants-Matching Funds$		- , - , -	,,	<u> </u>		,- ,		
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Fireworks $43,500$ $43,500$ $40,500$ - $40,500$ $(3,000)$ Uber Fees $1,000$ $5,000$ $18,491$ - $18,491$ $13,491$ Issuance fee $5,000$ $5,000$ $4,200$ - $4,200$ (800) Building $100,000$ $98,000$ $106,862$ - $106,862$ $8,862$ Total licenses and permits $1,071,700$ $1,061,000$ $1,104,641$ - $1,104,641$ $43,641$ Intergovernmental:Grants-Matching Funds911 fees $47,580$ $47,580$ $47,580$ - $47,580$ -Federal grantRiverboat casino gaming $1,115,013$ $1,115,013$ $1,115,013$ - $1,115,013$ -Beer tax $44,000$ $38,000$ $39,568$ - $39,568$ $1,568$ State video poker $413,000$ $415,000$ $448,743$ $33,743$ Jefferson parish council- $75,000$ - $75,000$ -Total intergovernmental $1,777,593$ $1,845,593$ $1,897,723$ - $1,897,723$ $52,130$ Charges for services:Inspection fees $8,000$ $11,000$ $13,274$ - $23,603$ $1,3274$ $2,274$ Parking meter $238,000$ $25,000$ $23,603$ - $23,603$ $1,5265$ $20,265$ Other $32,2800$ $25,000$ $25,2$					-			
Uber Fees1,0005,00018,491-18,49113,491Issuance fee5,0005,0004,200-4,200(800)Building100,00098,000106,862-106,8628,862Total licenses and permits1,071,7001,061,0001,104,641-1,104,64143,641Intergovernmental:Grants-Matching FundsPl1 fees47,58047,58047,580Riverboat casino gaming1,115,0131,115,0131,115,013-1,115,013Riverboat casino gaming1,115,0131,115,0131,115,013-1,115,013<					-			
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Building Total licenses and permits100,000 1,071,70098,000 1,061,000106,862 1,104,641-106,862 43,641Intergovernmental: Grants-Matching Funds </td <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		,						
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Grants-Matching FundsRiverboat casino gaming1,115,0131,115,0131,115,0131,115,0131,115,0130.1,115,0130.1,115,0130.1,115,0130.1,115,0130.1,115,0130.1,115,0130.1,115,0130.1,115,0130.1,115,0130.1,15,	Total incenses and permits	1,071,700	1,001,000	1,104,041	-	1,104,041	43,041	
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Federal grantBeer tax44,00038,00039,568-39,5681,50013,743-448,74333,74333,74333,743Jefferson parish council-75,000-75,000-75,000-75,000-75,000-75,000-75,000-75,000-75,00013,897,72352,130-1,897,72352,130-1,897,72352,130-1,897,72352,130-1,897,72352,130-1,897,72352,130-1,897,72352,130-1,897,72352,130-1,897,72352,130-1,897,72352,130-1,897,72352,130 <td>Grants-Matching Funds</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	Grants-Matching Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Riverboat casino gaming $1,115,013$ $1,115,013$ $1,115,013$ $ 1,115,013$ $-$ Beer tax44,00038,00039,568 $-$ 39,5681,568State video poker413,000415,000448,743 $-$ 448,74333,743Jefferson parish council $-$ 75,000 $-$ 75,000 $-$ Parish road tax158,000155,000171,818 $-$ 171,81816,818Total intergovernmental1,777,5931,845,5931,897,723 $-$ 1,897,72352,130Charges for services: Inspection feesElectrical28,00025,00023,603 $-$ 23,603(1,397)Plumbing29,00029,00037,620 $-$ 37,6208,620Resubdivision fees8,00011,00013,274 $-$ 13,2742,274Parking meter238,000215,000215,426 $-$ 215,426426Magistrate fees1,0007,50015,056 $-$ 15,0567,556Grass cutting fees18,50025,00045,265 $-$ 45,26520,265Other32,80022,00028,938 $-$ 28,9386,938	911 fees	47,580	47,580	47,580	-	47,580	-	
Beer tax $44,000$ $38,000$ $39,568$ - $39,568$ 1,568State video poker $413,000$ $415,000$ $448,743$ - $448,743$ $33,743$ Jefferson parish council- $75,000$ $75,000$ - $75,000$ -Parish road tax $158,000$ $155,000$ $171,818$ - $171,818$ $16,818$ Total intergovernmental $1,777,593$ $1,845,593$ $1,897,723$ - $1,897,723$ $52,130$ Charges for services:Inspection feesElectrical $28,000$ $25,000$ $23,603$ - $23,603$ $(1,397)$ Plumbing $29,000$ $29,000$ $37,620$ - $37,620$ $8,620$ Resubdivision fees $8,000$ $11,000$ $13,274$ - $13,274$ $2,274$ Parking meter $238,000$ $215,000$ $215,426$ - $215,426$ 426 Magistrate fees $1,000$ $7,500$ $15,056$ - $15,056$ $7,556$ Grass cutting fees $18,500$ $25,000$ $45,265$ - $45,265$ $20,265$ Other $32,800$ $22,000$ $28,938$ - $28,938$ $6,938$	Federal grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	
State video poker $413,000$ $415,000$ $448,743$ - $448,743$ $33,743$ Jefferson parish council- $75,000$ $75,000$ - $75,000$ -Parish road tax $158,000$ $155,000$ $171,818$ - $171,818$ $16,818$ Total intergovernmental $1,777,593$ $1,845,593$ $1,897,723$ - $1,897,723$ $52,130$ Charges for services:Inspection feesElectrical $28,000$ $25,000$ $23,603$ - $23,603$ (1,397)Plumbing $29,000$ $29,000$ $37,620$ - $37,620$ $8,620$ Resubdivision fees $8,000$ $11,000$ $13,274$ - $13,274$ $2,274$ Parking meter $238,000$ $215,000$ $215,426$ - $215,426$ 426 Magistrate fees $1,000$ $7,500$ $15,056$ - $15,056$ $7,556$ Grass cutting fees $18,500$ $25,000$ $45,265$ - $45,265$ $20,265$ Other $32,800$ $22,000$ $28,938$ - $28,938$ $6,938$	Riverboat casino gaming	1,115,013	1,115,013	1,115,013	-	1,115,013	-	
Jefferson parish council- $75,000$ $75,000$ - $75,000$ -Parish road tax $158,000$ $155,000$ $171,818$ - $171,818$ $16,818$ Total intergovernmental $1,777,593$ $1,845,593$ $1,897,723$ - $1,897,723$ $52,130$ Charges for services:Inspection feesElectrical $28,000$ $25,000$ $23,603$ - $23,603$ $(1,397)$ Plumbing $29,000$ $29,000$ $37,620$ - $37,620$ $8,620$ Resubdivision fees $8,000$ $11,000$ $13,274$ - $13,274$ $2,274$ Parking meter $238,000$ $215,000$ $215,426$ - $215,426$ 426 Magistrate fees $1,000$ $7,500$ $15,056$ - $15,056$ $7,556$ Grass cutting fees $18,500$ $25,000$ $45,265$ - $45,265$ $20,265$ Other $32,800$ $22,000$ $28,938$ - $28,938$ $6,938$					-			
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Total intergovernmental $1,777,593$ $1,845,593$ $1,897,723$ $ 1,897,723$ $52,130$ Charges for services: Inspection feesElectrical $28,000$ $25,000$ $23,603$ $ 23,603$ $(1,397)$ Plumbing $29,000$ $29,000$ $37,620$ $ 37,620$ $8,620$ Resubdivision fees $8,000$ $11,000$ $13,274$ $ 13,274$ $2,274$ Parking meter $238,000$ $215,000$ $215,426$ $ 215,426$ 426 Magistrate fees $1,000$ $7,500$ $15,056$ $ 15,056$ $7,556$ Grass cutting fees $18,500$ $25,000$ $45,265$ $ 45,265$ $20,265$ Other $32,800$ $22,000$ $28,938$ $ 28,938$ $6,938$		-	,		-		-	
Charges for services: Inspection fees Electrical 28,000 25,000 23,603 - 23,603 (1,397) Plumbing 29,000 29,000 37,620 - 37,620 8,620 Resubdivision fees 8,000 11,000 13,274 - 13,274 2,274 Parking meter 238,000 215,000 215,426 - 215,426 426 Magistrate fees 1,000 7,500 15,056 - 15,056 7,556 Grass cutting fees 18,500 25,000 45,265 - 45,265 20,265 Other 32,800 22,000 28,938 - 28,938 6,938								
Inspection feesElectrical28,00025,00023,603-23,603(1,397)Plumbing29,00029,00037,620-37,6208,620Resubdivision fees8,00011,00013,274-13,2742,274Parking meter238,000215,000215,426-215,426426Magistrate fees1,0007,50015,056-15,0567,556Grass cutting fees18,50025,00045,265-45,26520,265Other32,80022,00028,938-28,9386,938	Total intergovernmental	1,777,593	1,845,593	1,897,723	-	1,897,723	52,130	
Inspection feesElectrical28,00025,00023,603-23,603(1,397)Plumbing29,00029,00037,620-37,6208,620Resubdivision fees8,00011,00013,274-13,2742,274Parking meter238,000215,000215,426-215,426426Magistrate fees1,0007,50015,056-15,0567,556Grass cutting fees18,50025,00045,265-45,26520,265Other32,80022,00028,938-28,9386,938	Charges for services:							
Lectrical28,00025,00023,603-23,603(1,397)Plumbing29,00029,00037,620-37,6208,620Resubdivision fees8,00011,00013,274-13,2742,274Parking meter238,000215,000215,426-215,426426Magistrate fees1,0007,50015,056-15,0567,556Grass cutting fees18,50025,00045,265-45,26520,265Other32,80022,00028,938-28,9386,938	-							
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Resubdivision fees8,00011,00013,274-13,2742,274Parking meter238,000215,000215,426-215,426426Magistrate fees1,0007,50015,056-15,0567,556Grass cutting fees18,50025,00045,265-45,26520,265Other32,80022,00028,938-28,9386,938					-		· · · /	
Parking meter238,000215,000215,426-215,426426Magistrate fees1,0007,50015,056-15,0567,556Grass cutting fees18,50025,00045,265-45,26520,265Other32,80022,00028,938-28,9386,938	Resubdivision fees	8,000	11,000		-	13,274		
Magistrate fees1,0007,50015,056-15,0567,556Grass cutting fees18,50025,00045,265-45,26520,265Other32,80022,00028,938-28,9386,938					-			
Grass cutting fees18,50025,00045,265-45,26520,265Other32,80022,00028,938-28,9386,938					-			
Other 32,800 22,000 28,938 - 28,938 6,938	0				-	45,265		
	-	32,800	22,000			28,938	6,938	
	Total charges for services		334,500		-			

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual GAAP	Adjustment To Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/
	Original	Final	Basis	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable)
Fines and forfeitures:						
Fines	1,646,550	1,364,050	1,388,837	-	1,388,837	24,787
Speed enforcement program	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,644,725	-	1,644,725	44,725
Court cost	110,000	105,000	134,851	-	134,851	29,851
Total fines and forfeitures	3,356,550	3,069,050	3,168,413	-	3,168,413	99,363
Miscellaneous:						
Interest on invested funds	45,000	135,000	168,935	-	168,935	33,935
Rents	32,416	32,416	32,916	-	32,916	500
Insurance claims	-	72,460	170,450	-	170,450	97,990
Sale of assets	10,000	167,000	233,436	-	233,436	66,436
Other	303,600	278,600	240,378	-	240,378	(38,222)
Total miscellaneous	391,016	685,476	846,115		846,115	160,639
Total revenues	\$ 17,144,408	\$ 19,179,478	\$ 19,937,819	\$ -	\$ 19,937,819	\$ 758,341

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual GAAP	Adjustments To Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/	
	Original	Final	Basis	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable)	
General government:						<u>,</u>	
City administration:							
Personnel expenses	\$ 497,876	\$ 524,650	\$ 512,814	\$ (229)	\$ 512,585	\$ 12,065	
Supplies	4,450	6,950	7,126	(100)	7,026	(76)	
Service charges	699,675	669,175	606,772	-	606,772	62,403	
Capital outlay	-				-		
Total city administration	1,202,001	1,200,775	1,126,712	(329)	1,126,383	74,392	
Elected officials:							
Personnel expenses	130,328	129,914	129,318	-	129,318	596	
Supplies	1,413	1,413	1,281	-	1,281	132	
Service charges	46,000	57,600	61,332	-	61,332	(3,732)	
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total elected officials	177,741	188,927	191,932	-	191,932	(3,005)	
City attorney:							
Personnel expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Service charges	629,218	572,209	517,649	-	517,649	54,560	
Capital outlay	-						
Total city attorney	629,218	572,209	517,649	-	517,649	54,560	
Department of finance:							
Personnel expenses	576,920	571,895	550,347	-	550,347	21,548	
Supplies	6,950	8,500	9,717	-	9,717	(1,217)	
Service charges	138,600	128,250	141,326	-	141,326	(13,076)	
Capital outlay	-	-	-		-	-	
Total department of finance	722,470	708,645	701,391	-	701,391	7,254	
Tax collection:							
Personnel expenses	122,790	120,664	137,802	-	137,802	(17,138)	
Supplies	11,130	11,170	11,583	-	11,583	(413)	
Service charges	24,877	30,750	31,800	-	31,800	(1,050)	
Capital outlay	-	-				-	
Total tax collection	158,797	162,584	181,186	-	181,186	(18,602)	
Total general government	2,890,227	2,833,140	2,718,870	(329)	2,718,541	114,599	
Less capital outlay							
Total general government, net capital outlay	\$ 2,890,227	\$ 2,833,140	\$ 2,718,870	\$ (329)	\$ 2,718,541	\$ 114,599	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual GAAP	Adjustments	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/	
	Original	a Amounts Final	Basis	To Budget Basis	Budget Basis	(Unfavorable)	
Public safety:	Oliginai	Tillal	Dasis	Dasis	Dasis	(Ullavorable)	
City court:							
Personnel expenses	\$ 765,850	\$ 742,350	\$ 727,773	\$ -	\$ 727,773	\$ 14,577	
Supplies	32,600	35,500	27,640	ф 156	27,796	7,704	
Service charges	182,254	202,576	271,706	-	271,706	(69,130)	
Capital outlay	64,833	64,833	64,833	-	64,833	(0),(100)	
Total city court	1,045,537	1,045,259		156	1,092,108	(46,849)	
City police:							
Personnel expenses	6,098,252	7,006,313	6,709,656	-	6,709,656	296,657	
Supplies	433,000	560,994	615,215	(10,503)	604,712	(43,718)	
Service charges	2,129,575	2,512,503	2,474,269	(42,780)	2,431,489	81,014	
Capital outlay	145,400	165,506	97,871	64,717	162,589	2,917	
Total city police	8,806,227	10,245,316	9,897,011	11,433	9,908,446	336,870	
Zoning & code enforcement:							
Personnel expenses	472,616	489,437	467,549	-	467,549	21,888	
Supplies	21,550	23,650	22,863	(519)	22,344	1,306	
Service charges	119,941	141,222	143,005	-	143,005	(1,783)	
Capital outlay		-					
Total zoning & code enforcement	614,107	654,309	633,418	(519)	632,899	21,410	
Building official:							
Personnel expenses	268,110	272,195	269,499	-	269,499	2,696	
Supplies	9,058	12,052	11,632	-	11,632	420	
Service charges	59,900	55,200	69,335	-	69,335	(14,135)	
Capital outlay					-		
Total building official	337,068	339,447	350,466	-	350,466	(11,019)	
Communication:							
Personnel expenses	506,650	500,998	451,242	-	451,242	49,756	
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Service charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay Total communication	506,650	500,998	451,242		451,242	49,756	
Emergency preparedness:							
Personnel expenses							
Supplies			_		_		
Service charges		3,000	2,938		2,938	62	
Capital outlay		5,000	2,750	_	2,930		
Total emergency preparedness	-	3,000	2,938	-	2,938	62	
Total public safety	11,309,589	12,788,329	12,427,027	11,070	12,438,098	350,231	
Less capital outlay	210,233	230,339	162,705	64,717	227,422	2,917	
Total public safety, net capital outlay	\$ 11,099,356	\$ 12,557,990	\$ 12,264,322	\$ (53,647)	\$ 12,210,677	\$ 347,313	

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual GAAP	Adjustments To Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/
	Original	Final	Basis	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable)
Public works:						
Engineering:						
Personnel expenses	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service charges	125,000	140,000	176,201	-	176,201	(36,201)
Capital outlay						
Total engineering	125,000	140,000	176,201	-	176,201	(36,201)
Streets:						
Personnel expenses	1,338,826	1,411,155	1,489,052	(174)	1,488,878	(77,723)
Supplies	170,100	309,230	374,820	(7,108)	367,712	(58,482)
Service charges	1,158,800	1,199,643	1,245,193	(1,962)	1,243,231	(43,588)
Capital outlay		15,000	14,998		14,998	2
Total streets	2,667,726	2,935,028	3,124,063	(9,244)	3,114,819	(179,791)
Drainage:						
Personnel expenses	109,695	74,700	63,260	-	63,260	11,440
Supplies	22,000	18,000	19,919	-	19,919	(1,919)
Service charges	186,200	183,003	183,451	-	183,451	(448)
Capital outlay						
Total drainage	317,895	275,703	266,631	-	266,630	9,073
Total public works	3,110,621	3,350,731	3,566,895	(9,244)	3,557,650	(206,919)
Less capital outlay		15,000	14,998		14,998	2
Total public works, net capital outlay	\$ 3,110,621	\$ 3,335,731	\$ 3,551,897	\$ (9,244)	\$ 3,542,652	\$ (206,921)

		Budgeted	Amour	ıts		Actual GAAP	-	istments Budget		octual udget	Fin	iance with al Budget worable/
	Or	iginal	I	Final		Basis	Ē	Basis]	Basis	(Un	favorable)
Cemetery:												
Personnel expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Supplies		-		-		-		-		-		-
Service charges		71,963		73,963		78,063		-		78,063		(4,100)
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total cemetery		71,963		73,963		78,063		-		78,063		(4,100)
Less capital outlay				-		-		-		-		-
Total cemetery, net capital outlay		71,963		73,963		78,063				78,063		(4,100)
Total expenditures	\$ 17,	382,400	\$ 19	,046,163	\$ 18	3,790,854	\$	1,497	\$ 18	,792,352	\$	253,811

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FIRE PROTECTION For the Year Ended March 31, 2019

	Budgeted		Actual GAAP	Adjustments To Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Basis	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES						
Taxes						
Ad valorem	\$ 2,530,000	\$ 2,600,000	\$ 2,534,167	\$ -	\$ 2,534,167	\$ (65,833)
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fire insurance tax	100,000	98,542	98,542		98,542	(0)
Total revenues	2,630,000	2,698,542	2,632,709		2,632,709	(65,833)
EXPENDITURES Public safety						
Personnel expenses	205,800	255,152	240,473	-	240,473	14,679
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service charges	1,639,500	1,625,642	1,626,699	-	1,626,699	(1,057)
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	1,845,300	1,880,794	1,867,172	-	1,867,172	13,622
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	784,700	817,748	765,537		765,537	(52,211)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Net change in fund balances	784,700	817,748	765,537	-	765,537	(52,211)
Fund balances - beginning	2,344,880	2,344,880	2,344,880		2,344,880	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,129,580	\$ 3,162,628	\$ 3,110,417	\$ -	\$ 3,110,417	\$ (52,211)

	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual GAAP	Adjustments To Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Basis	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES						
Taxes						
Ad valorem	\$ 1,095,000	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 1,091,073	\$ -	\$ 1,091,073	\$ (8,927)
Intergovernmental						
State grants	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jefferson parish	30,000	52,000	29,610	-	29,610	(22,390)
Charges for services	832,000	915,000	942,149	-	942,149	27,149
Miscellaneous	250	1,473	6,886	-	6,886	5,413
Total revenues	1,957,250	2,068,473	2,069,718		2,069,718	1,245
EXPENDITURES						
Public safety						
Personnel expenses	1,641,695	1,776,000	1,788,725	-	1,788,725	(12,725)
Supplies	78,800	115,650	90,995	(4,245)	86,750	28,900
Service charges	217,236	246,132	222,537	-	222,537	23,595
Capital Outlay	19,000	235,024	251,571	(169,144)	82,427	152,597
Total expenditures	1,956,731	2,372,806	2,353,829	(173,389)	2,180,440	192,366
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	519	(304,333)	(284,111)	173,389	(110,722)	193,611
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Net change in fund balances	519	(304,333)	(284,111)	173,389	(110,722)	193,611
Fund balances - beginning	1,055,248	1,055,248	1,055,248	(173,526)	881,722	(173,526)
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,055,767	\$ 750,915	\$ 771,137	\$ (137)	\$ 771,000	\$ 20,085

Original Final Basis Basis Basis Basis (Unfavorable) Intergovernmental Jefferson parish council \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -			Amounts	Actual GAAP	Adjustments To Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	5	Original	Final	Basis	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable)
Jefferson parish council \$<	REVENUES						
Federal grant - $703,387$ $536,063$ - $536,063$ (167,324) State grant - $791,309$ $771,697$ - $771,697$ (19,612) Riverboat casino revenue $859,987$ $859,987$ $895,412$ - $895,412$ $35,425$ Miscellaneous -	e						
State grant <th< td=""><td></td><td>\$ -</td><td></td><td></td><td>\$ -</td><td></td><td></td></th<>		\$ -			\$ -		
Riverboat casino revenue $859,987$ $859,987$ $895,412$ $ 895,412$ $35,425$ MiscellaneousInterest 409 100 79 $ 79$ (21) Other $ -$		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	-	,	
Miscellaneous Miscellaneous Interest 409 100 79 - 79 (21) Other -	6	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	-		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		859,987	859,987	895,412	-	895,412	35,425
Other $ -$ <	Miscellaneous						
Total revenues $860,396$ $2,354,783$ $2,203,250$ $ 2,203,250$ $(151,533)$ EXPENDITURES Public safety $ 141,176$ $ 141,176$ $(141,176)$ Public works $ 10$ $ 10$ (10) Culture & recreation $ 10$ $ 10$ (10) Culture & recreation $ -$ Capital outlay $400,000$ $2,304,385$ $2,133,486$ $(152,354)$ $1,981,132$ $323,253$ Total expenditures $400,000$ $2,304,385$ $2,274,672$ $(152,354)$ $2,122,318$ $182,067$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures $460,396$ $50,398$ $(71,422)$ $152,354$ $80,932$ $30,534$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses) $ (81,352)$ $ (111,738)$ $ (111,738)$ $ (30,386)$ Net change in fund balances $460,396$ $(12,009)$ $352,739$ $152,354$ $505,093$ $517,102$ Fund balances - beginning $1,272,100$ $1,272,100$ $1,272,100$ $1,272,100$ $1,272,100$ $1,272,100$		409	100	79	-	79	(21)
EXPENDITURES Public safety - - 141,176 - 141,176 (141,176) Public works - - 10 - 10 (10) Culture & recreation - - - 10 (10) (10) Capital outlay 400,000 2,304,385 2,133,486 (152,354) 1,981,132 323,253 Total expenditures 400,000 2,304,385 2,274,672 (152,354) 2,122,318 182,067 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 460,396 50,398 (71,422) 152,354 80,932 30,534 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - (81,352) (111,738) - (111,738) (30,386) Total other financing sources (uses) - - (62,407) 424,161 - 424,161 486,568 Net change in fund balances 460,396 (12,009) 352,739 152,354 505,093 517,102 Fund balances - beginning 1,272,100 1,272,100 1,272,100 (154,354) 1,117,746 (154,354) </td <td>Other</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Other		-				
Public safety $141,176$ - $141,176$ $(141,176)$ Public works10-10(10)Culture & recreationCapital outlay400,000 $2,304,385$ $2,133,486$ $(152,354)$ $1,981,132$ $323,253$ Total expenditures400,000 $2,304,385$ $2,274,672$ $(152,354)$ $2,122,318$ $182,067$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures460,396 $50,398$ $(71,422)$ $152,354$ $80,932$ $30,534$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)18,945 $535,899$ - $535,899$ $516,954$ Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)- $(81,352)$ $(111,738)$ $(30,386)$ Net change in fund balances $460,396$ $(12,009)$ $352,739$ $152,354$ $505,093$ $517,102$ Fund balances - beginning $1,272,100$ $1,272,100$ $1,272,100$ $(154,354)$ $1,117,746$ $(154,354)$	Total revenues	860,396	2,354,783	2,203,250		2,203,250	(151,533)
Public works10-10(10)Culture & recreationCapital outlay $400,000$ $2,304,385$ $2,133,486$ $(152,354)$ $1,981,132$ $323,253$ Total expenditures $400,000$ $2,304,385$ $2,274,672$ $(152,354)$ $2,122,318$ $182,067$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures $460,396$ $50,398$ $(71,422)$ $152,354$ $80,932$ $30,534$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in- $18,945$ $535,899$ - $535,899$ $516,954$ Transfers out-(81,352)(111,738)(30,386)Total other financing sources (uses)- $(62,407)$ $424,161$ $424,161$ $486,568$ Net change in fund balances $460,396$ (12,009) $352,739$ $152,354$ $505,093$ $517,102$ Fund balances - beginning $1,272,100$ $1,272,100$ $1,272,100$ $(154,354)$ $1,117,746$ $(154,354)$	EXPENDITURES						
Culture & recreation -	Public safety	-	-	141,176	-	141,176	(141,176)
Capital outlay Capital outlay Total expenditures $400,000$ $2,304,385$ $2,133,486$ $(152,354)$ $1,981,132$ $323,253$ $Excess (deficiency) of revenues overexpenditures400,0002,304,3852,274,672(152,354)2,122,318182,067Excess (deficiency) of revenues overexpenditures460,39650,398(71,422)152,35480,93230,534OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)Transfers inTransfers outTotal other financing sources (uses) 18,945535,899 535,899516,954Net change in fund balances460,396(12,009)352,739152,354505,093517,102Fund balances - beginning1,272,1001,272,1001,272,100(154,354)1,117,746(154,354)$	Public works	-	-	10	-	10	(10)
Total expenditures $400,000$ $2,304,385$ $2,274,672$ $(152,354)$ $2,122,318$ $182,067$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures $460,396$ $50,398$ $(71,422)$ $152,354$ $80,932$ $30,534$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)- $18,945$ $535,899$ - $535,899$ $516,954$ Net change in fund balances $460,396$ $(12,009)$ $352,739$ $152,354$ $505,093$ $517,102$ Fund balances - beginning $1,272,100$ $1,272,100$ $1,272,100$ $(154,354)$ $1,117,746$ $(154,354)$	Culture & recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures $460,396$ $50,398$ $(71,422)$ $152,354$ $80,932$ $30,534$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)- $18,945$ $535,899$ - $535,899$ $516,954$ Net change in fund balances $460,396$ $(12,009)$ $352,739$ $152,354$ $505,093$ $517,102$ Fund balances - beginning $1,272,100$ $1,272,100$ $1,272,100$ $(154,354)$ $1,117,746$ $(154,354)$	Capital outlay	400,000	2,304,385	2,133,486	(152,354)	1,981,132	323,253
expenditures 460,396 50,398 (71,422) 152,354 80,932 30,534 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) - 18,945 535,899 - 535,899 516,954 Net change in fund balances 460,396 (12,009) 352,739 152,354 505,093 517,102 Fund balances - beginning 1,272,100 1,272,100 1,272,100 (154,354) 1,117,746 (154,354)	Total expenditures	400,000	2,304,385	2,274,672	(152,354)	2,122,318	182,067
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in - 18,945 535,899 - 535,899 516,954 Transfers out - (81,352) (111,738) - (111,738) (30,386) Total other financing sources (uses) - (62,407) 424,161 - 424,161 486,568 Net change in fund balances 460,396 (12,009) 352,739 152,354 505,093 517,102 Fund balances - beginning 1,272,100 1,272,100 (154,354) 1,117,746 (154,354)	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(USES) Transfers in - 18,945 535,899 - 535,899 516,954 Transfers out - (81,352) (111,738) - (111,738) (30,386) Total other financing sources (uses) - (62,407) 424,161 - 424,161 486,568 Net change in fund balances 460,396 (12,009) 352,739 152,354 505,093 517,102 Fund balances - beginning 1,272,100 1,272,100 (154,354) 1,117,746 (154,354)	expenditures	460,396	50,398	(71,422)	152,354	80,932	30,534
Transfers in Transfers out- $18,945$ $535,899$ - $535,899$ $516,954$ Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)- $(81,352)$ $(111,738)$ - $(111,738)$ $(30,386)$ Net change in fund balances $460,396$ $(12,009)$ $352,739$ $152,354$ $505,093$ $517,102$ Fund balances - beginning $1,272,100$ $1,272,100$ $1,272,100$ $(154,354)$ $1,117,746$ $(154,354)$							
Transfers out - (81,352) (111,738) - (111,738) (30,386) Total other financing sources (uses) - (62,407) 424,161 - 424,161 486,568 Net change in fund balances 460,396 (12,009) 352,739 152,354 505,093 517,102 Fund balances - beginning 1,272,100 1,272,100 (154,354) 1,117,746 (154,354)							
Total other financing sources (uses) - (12,009) 352,739 152,354 505,093 517,102 Fund balances - beginning 1,272,100 1,272,100 1,272,100 1,272,100 1,272,100 1,272,100		-	18,945	535,899	-	535,899	516,954
Net change in fund balances 460,396 (12,009) 352,739 152,354 505,093 517,102 Fund balances - beginning 1,272,100 1,272,100 1,272,100 (154,354) 1,117,746 (154,354)	Transfers out		(81,352)	(111,738)		(111,738)	(30,386)
Fund balances - beginning1,272,1001,272,1001,272,100(154,354)1,117,746(154,354)	Total other financing sources (uses)		(62,407)	424,161		424,161	486,568
Fund balances - beginning1,272,1001,272,1001,272,100(154,354)1,117,746(154,354)	Net change in fund balances	460,396	(12,009)	352,739	152,354	505,093	517,102
Fund balances - ending \$ 1,732,496 \$ 1,260,091 \$ 1,624,839 \$ (2,000) \$ 1,622,839 \$ 362,748	e	1,272,100	,	1,272,100	(154,354)	1,117,746	(154,354)
	Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,732,496	\$ 1,260,091	\$ 1,624,839	\$ (2,000)	\$ 1,622,839	\$ 362,748

	Budgeted	Amounta	Actual GAAP	Adjustments To Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	U	Final	Basis	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES	Original	Fillal	Dasis	Dasis	Dasis	(Ulliavorable)
Taxes	¢ 1 110 500	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	A	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	¢
Sales	\$ 1,110,500	\$ 933,775	\$ 933,775	\$ -	\$ 933,775	\$ -
Miscellaneous						
Interest on invested funds	8,000	19,000	28,138		28,138	9,138
Total revenues	1,118,500	952,775	961,913		961,913	9,138
EXPENDITURES						
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	918,000	918,000	918,000	-	918,000	-
Interest	200,546	200,248	200,247	-	200,247	1
Cost of issuance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	1,118,546	1,118,248	1,118,247	-	1,118,247	1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	(46)	(165,473)	(156,334)		(156,334)	9,139
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-	176,725	176,725	-	176,725	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		176,725	176,725		176,725	
Net change in fund balances	(46)	11,252	20,391		20,391	9,139
6	1,523,882	1,523,882	1,523,882	-	1,523,882	9,139
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,523,882	\$ 1,535,134	\$ 1,525,882		\$ 1,544,273	\$ 9,139
rund balances - ending	\$ 1,323,030	φ 1,333,134	φ1,344,273	φ -	φ1,344,275	φ 9,139

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual GAAP	Adjustments To Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	Original	Final	Basis	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental							
Jefferson parish	\$ -	\$ 290,000	\$ 480,000	\$ -	\$ 480,000	\$ 190,000	
Federal grant	350,000	118,650	230,670	-	230,670	112,020	
State grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Community development	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous							
Interest	-	4,500	6,841	-	6,841	2,341	
Other	114,100	2,250	21,507		21,507	19,257	
Total revenues	464,100	415,400	739,018		739,018	323,618	
EXPENDITURES							
General government	300,000	125,000	69,397	-	69,397	55,603	
Public safety	155,000	537,840	557,307	-	557,307	(19,467)	
Capital outlay	-	-	6,372	-	6,372	(6,372)	
Total expenditures	455,000	662,840	633,076		633,076	29,764	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	9,100	(247,440)	105,942		105,942	353,382	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	-	40,849	19,545	-	19,545	(21,304)	
Transfers out							
Total other financing sources (uses)		40,849	19,545		19,545	(21,304)	
Net change in fund balances	9,100	(206,591)	125,486	-	125,486	332,077	
Fund balances - beginning	290,288	290,288	290,288		290,288		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 299,388	\$ 83,697	\$ 415,774	\$ -	\$ 415,774	\$ 332,077	

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS For The Year Ended March 31, 2019

Total OPEB Liability	
Service cost	\$ 22,152
Interest	38,429
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(9,180)
Changes of assumptions	8,403
Benefit payments	 112,521
Net change in total OPEB liability	(52,717)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 1,044,148
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 991,431
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,094,467
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of	
covered-employee payroll	9.82%
Notes to Schodule.	

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes. There were no changes of benefit terms for the year ended March 31, 2019.

Changes of Assumptions. The discount rate as of 3/31/2018 was 3.89% and it changed to 3.79% as of 3/31/2019.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY Year Ended March 31, 2019*

					Employer	Fiduciary
		Employer	Employer		Proportionate Share	Net Position
		Proportion of	Proportionate		of the Net Pension	As a
		the Net	Share of the	Employer's	Liability (Asset) as a	Percentage
		Pension	Net Pension	Covered	Percentage of its	of the Total
Year Ended		Liability	Liability	Employee	Covered Employee	Pension
June 30,	Plan	(Asset)	(Asset)	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
2018	MERS	2.827925%	\$11,709,526	\$5,176,978	226.18%	63.94%
2017	MERS	2.784653%	\$11,649,378	\$5,057,190	230.35%	62.49%
2016	MERS	2.759553%	\$11,310,609	\$4,929,524	229.45%	62.11%
2015	MERS	2.728560%	\$ 9,746,844	\$4,656,998	209.29%	66.18%
2018	MPERS	1.755126%	\$14,837,942	\$5,195,650	285.58%	71.89%
2017	MPERS	1.774431%	\$15,417,028	\$5,270,319	292.53%	70.08%
2016	MPERS	1.774431%	\$16,631,418	\$4,872,952	341.30%	66.04%
2015	MPERS	1.788425%	\$14,010,440	\$4,719,875	296.84%	70.73%

*The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30, 2018

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS Year Ended March 31, 2019

Year Ended March 31,	Plan	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
2019	MERS	\$ 1,403,072	\$ 1,403,072	\$ -	\$ 5,453,294	25.73%
2018	MERS	\$ 1,244,310	\$ 1,244,310	\$ -	\$ 5,140,022	24.21%
2017	MERS	\$ 1,143,736	\$ 1,143,736	\$ -	\$ 5,231,646	21.86%
2016	MERS	\$ 961,580	\$ 961,580	\$ -	\$ 4,869,129	19.75%
2019 2018 2017 2016	MPERS MPERS MPERS MPERS	\$ 1,802,415 \$ 1,625,751 \$ 1,670,238 \$ 1,490,376	\$ 1,802,415 \$ 1,625,751 \$ 1,670,238 \$ 1,490,376	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	 \$ 5,644,294 \$ 5,246,699 \$ 5,094,098 \$ 4,852,165 	31.93% 30.99% 32.79% 30.72%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS March 31, 2019

	GA	RBAGE	REC	REATION	FO	IAL SERV OR THE AGED	FREET IGHTS	Т	OURISM	INCA	HOME RCERATION	SE	COURT CURITY TH JDC	SECU	COURT JRITY 2ND ARISH	Spec	l Nonmajor tial revenue funds
ASSETS							 										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	189,717	\$	399,736	\$	186,249	\$ 942,564	\$	-	\$	70,233	\$	-	\$	107,684	\$	1,896,183
Receivables, net		187,981		13,794		1,422	15,231		4,441		-		-		-		222,869
Due from other governments		-		-		-	 -		481,721		69,281		241,995		27,369		820,366
Total assets	\$	377,698	\$	413,530	\$	187,671	\$ 957,795	\$	486,162	\$	139,514	\$	241,995	\$	135,053	\$	2,939,418
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	145,915 - 145,915	\$	26,180	\$	1,587	\$ 46,902	\$	2,458 209,083 211,541	\$	10,309	\$	11,307 174,925 186,232	\$	1,401 - 1,401	\$	246,059 384,008 630,067
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)																	
Assigned		231,783		387,351		186,084	 910,893		274,621		129,206		55,764		133,651		2,309,353
Total fund balances (deficits)		231,783		387,351		186,084	 910,893		274,621		129,206		55,764		133,651		2,309,353
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$	377,698	\$	413,531	\$	187,671	\$ 957,795	\$	486,162	\$	139,515	\$	241,996	\$	135,052	\$	2,939,420

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended March 31, 2019

	GARBAGE	RECREATION	SOCIAL SERV FOR THE AGED	STREET LIGHTS	TOURISM	HOME INCARCERATION	COURT SECURITY 24TH JDC	COURT SECURITY 2ND PARISH	Total Nonmajor Special revenue funds
REVENUES									
Ad valorem	\$ -	\$ 733,906	\$ 81,539	\$ 652,183	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,467,628
Sales	-	-	-	-	52,867	-	-	-	52,867
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	853,875	855,224	1,249,984	277,759	3,236,842
Charges for services	1,585,179	119,470	-	-	11,891	-	-	-	1,716,540
Miscellaneous	1,125	66,481	1,000		14,886	16,670	-	-	100,162
Total revenues	1,586,304	919,857	82,539	652,183	933,519	871,894	1,249,984	277,759	6,574,039
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	817,041	1,379,289	275,309	2,471,639
Public works	1,561,906	-	-	297,257	-	-	-	-	1,859,163
Culture and recreation	-	822,118	55,602	-	952,777	-	-	-	1,830,497
Debt service:									
Capital outlay:									
Capital Outlay	-	87,482	-	438,249	-	-	61,896	-	587,627
Total expenditures	1,561,906	909,600	55,602	735,506	952,777	817,041	1,441,185	275,309	6,748,926
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	24,398	10,257	26,937	(83,323)	(19,258)	54,853	(191,201)	2,450	(174,887)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	270,383	-	77,000	-	347,383
Transfers out	-	(20,383)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20,383)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(20,383)	-		270,383		77,000	-	327,000
Net change in fund balances	24,398	(10,126)	26,937	(83,323)	251,125	54,853	(114,201)	2,450	152,113
Fund balances - beginning	207,384	397,477	159,147	994,215	23,496	74,352	169,964	131,202	2,157,237
Fund balances - ending	\$ 231,782	\$ 387,351	\$ 186,084	\$ 910,892	\$ 274,621	\$ 129,205	\$ 55,763	\$ 133,652	\$ 2,309,350

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION OF ELECTED OFFICIALS

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION PAID TO CITY COUNCIL For The Year Ended March 31, 2019

COUNCILMAN	SA	ALARY
Wayne A. Rau	\$	17,000
Mark Miller	\$	17,000
Milton Crosby, Sr.	\$	17,000
Jackie J Berthelot	\$	17,000
Mike Hinyub	\$	17,000

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, REIMBURSEMENTS, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD For The Year Ended March 31, 2019

Agency Head: Mayor Belinda Constant	A	MOUNT
Salary	\$	90,000
Benefits - insurance		7,476
Benefits - retirement		23,140
Benefits - other		359
Travel		1,392
Registration fees		375
Total	\$	122,742

CITY OF GRETNA SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

DESCRIPTION	CFDA NUMBER	GRANT NUMBER	TOTAL GRANT AWARD	TOTAL EXPENDITURES
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Passed Through Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development 4th Street Extension Project	20.205	H.001413	\$ 7,194,083	\$ 636,063
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			7,194,083	636,063
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Direct Awards Bullet Proof Vest Partnership	16.607	-	16,542	16,542
Passed Through Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement Victim Assistance	16.575	2016-VA-03/04/3842	163,934	89,726
Victim Assistance	16.575	2017-VA-03/04/306	123,200	30,899
Street Sales Disruption	16.738	2017-DJ-01-4594	20,000	7,007
Passed Through Jefferson Parish Sheriff's Office Human Trafficking Grant	16.320	2015-VT-BX-K057	2,572	2,572
Human Trafficking Grant	16.320	2018-VT-BX-K087	1,271	1,271
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	95.001	G17GC0001A	16,260	16,260
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			343,779	164,277
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT Passed Through Jefferson Parish Office of Community Development Gretna Comprehensive Development Code	14.228	B-OG-DG-22-0001	540,000	66,394
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			540,000	66,394
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
Passed Through Jefferson Parish Mobile Command Center Upgrade	97.067	EMW-2016-SS-00018-501	17,000	5,716
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			17,000	5,716
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY				
Brownsfield Cleanup	66.818	BP 98-6127-01-0	5,503	5,503
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY			5,503	5,503
TOTAL			\$ 8,100,365	\$ 877,953

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE A - FISCAL PERIOD AUDITED

Single audit testing procedures were performed for program transactions occurring during the year ended March 31, 2019. Federal financial assistance received during the year did meet the criteria set forth in the Single Audit Act and Uniform Guidance. Grant terms are indicated in the Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Grant revenues are recorded for financial reporting purposes when the City has met the qualifications for the respective grants. Costs incurred in programs partially funded by federal grants are applied against federal grant funds to the extent of revenue available when they properly apply to the grant.

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

					Fiscal	Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 30,595,192	\$ 24,420,663	\$ 24,364,442	\$ 26,779,995	\$ 29,203,707	\$ 35,809,790	\$ 41,067,410	\$ 44,777,129	\$ 54,674,544	\$ 55,124,729
Restricted	9,641,647	9,455,335	20,322,958	16,754,364	17,082,957	14,926,857	15,146,697	14,587,783	13,155,564	13,216,619
Unrestricted	(3,365,112)	7,111,800	(1,190,269)	668,506	1,353,769	1,682,356	(14,388,130)	(16,327,504)	(17,742,692)	(16,783,112)
Total governmental net position	\$ 36,871,727	\$ 40,987,798	\$ 43,497,131	\$ 44,202,865	\$ 47,640,433	\$ 52,419,003	\$ 41,825,977	\$ 43,037,408	\$ 50,087,416	\$ 51,558,236
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 16,544,576	\$ 16,544,576	\$ 16,544,576	\$ 16,544,576	\$ 16,544,576	\$ 16,544,576	\$ 16,544,576	\$ 16,544,576	\$ 16,544,576	\$ 16,544,574
Restricted	23,984	23,984	23,984	23,984	23,984	38,234	53,234	64,234	76,734	76,734
Unrestricted	(3,101,948)	(1,940,796)	166,077	5,553,149	6,695,968	7,081,525	5,510,361	5,966,536	7,403,936	7,523,631
Total business-type net position	\$ 13,466,612	\$ 14,627,764	\$ 16,734,637	\$ 22,121,709	\$ 23,264,528	\$ 23,664,335	\$ 22,108,171	\$ 22,575,346	\$ 24,025,246	\$ 24,144,939
Primary governmental										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 47,139,768	\$ 40,965,239	\$ 40,909,018	\$ 43,324,571	\$ 45,748,283	\$ 52,354,366	\$ 57,611,986	\$ 61,321,705	\$ 71,219,120	\$ 71,669,303
Restricted	9,665,631	9,479,319	20,346,942	16,778,348	17,106,941	14,965,091	15,199,931	14,652,017	13,232,298	13,293,353
Unrestricted	(6,467,060)	5,171,004	(1,024,192)	6,221,655	8,049,737	8,763,880	(8,877,769)	(10,360,968)	(10,338,756)	(9,259,481)
Total primary governmental net position	\$ 50,338,339	\$ 55,615,562	\$ 60,231,768	\$ 66,324,574	\$ 70,904,961	\$ 76,083,337	\$ 63,934,148	\$ 65,612,754	\$ 74,112,662	\$ 75,703,175

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2018 Peqnets General metrition: Total setting: Path: setty 5 3.4/1.52 6 3.308.00 5 3.088.124 5 1.17.934.87 15.308.69 7.17.858 6.4.302.16 5 3.200.40 5 3.200.40 5 3.200.40 5 3.200.40 5 3.200.40 5 3.200.40 5 3.200.40 5 3.200.40 5 3.200.40 5 3.200.40 7.17.858 5 3.200.40 5 3.200.40 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>Fiscal</th><th>Year</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>						Fiscal	Year				
$\frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$	-	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
$\frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$											
General pretunient \$ 3,641,521 \$ 3,080,801 \$ 3,047,521 \$ 4,072,021 \$ 4,202,021 \$ 3,220,441 <td>Expenses</td> <td></td>	Expenses										
$ \begin{array}{c} \mbox{Poils} & $	Governmental activities:										
Polic vols 7,45,192 6.39,496 6.006,490 6.06,000 6.237,624 6.803,030 6.256,554 6.237,623 6.247,621 Culture arrevation 1.00,906 965,355 1.055,98 1.055,98 1.055,98 1.055,98 2.00,027 2.261,017 2.254,012 2.254,012 2.254,012 2.254,012 2.254,012 2.254,012 2.254,012 2.254,012 2.254,012 2.254,012 2.255,941 2.263,026 2.269,026 2.08,027 2.08,027 2.08,027 2.08,027 2.08,027 2.08,027 2.08,027 2.08,027 2.08,026 2.08,276 2.779,306 3.217,817 3.23,290 3.22,990 3.22,990 3.27,528 3.22,490 3.22,590 3.26,558 3.02,02,01 3.22,990 3.23,290 3.22,990 3.23,290 3.22,990 3.23,290 3.22,990 3.22,990 3.22,990 3.22,990 3.22,990 3.22,990 3.22,990 3.22,990 3.22,990 3.22,990 3.22,990 3.22,990 3.22,990 3.22,990 3.22,990 3.22,990 3.22,990 3.22,990	General government	\$ 3,641,524	\$ 3,500,801	\$ 3,088,124	\$ 3,474,521	\$ 3,139,827	\$ 3,429,621	\$ 4,360,216	\$ 3,540,469	\$ 3,523,454	\$ 3,665,860
Chare and recrustion 1,044,996 96,839 1,263,937 2,200,002 2,264,007 2,264,007 2,264,007 2,265,002 2,267,297 69,83 97,940 70,757 69,73 1,237,557 99,017 2,246,20 2,245,20 3,233,99 3,234,900 3,233,990 3,234,900 3,234,900 3,234,900 3,234,900 3,245,900 3,245,900 3,245,900 3,245,900 3,245,900 3,245,900 3,245,900 3,245,900 3,245,900 3,245,900 3,245,900 3,245,900 3,245,900 3,245,900 3,245,900 3,245,900 3,245,900 3,245,910	Public safety	15,418,423	16,311,339	16,075,617	17,504,187	16,909,669	17,718,839	18,188,685	20,220,044	19,485,234	20,886,068
Createsy Interest is cort on log-term dolt 161,00 (237,237) 55,118 (237,237) 273,01 (237,237) 710,078 (237,237) 70,078 (237,237) 70,073,010 70,078 (237,237)	Public works	7,451,392	6,398,406	6,060,430	6,106,102	6,237,424	6,820,303	6,505,554	6,837,253	6,794,738	6,742,671
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Culture and recreation	1,004,906	965,395	1,188,598	1,267,932	1,695,193	2,000,082	2,361,037	2,340,042	2,654,110	2,267,293
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Cemetery	61,490	55,184	62,017	59,584	97,490	70,678	69,781	71,694	73,576	78,063
Busines by activities: Comparing prediction Compari	Interest & issue cost on long-term debt	445,775	642,152	578,319	567,553	562,594	697,456	378,523	949,172	224,482	207,907
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Total governmental activities expenses	28,023,510	27,873,277	27,053,105	28,979,879	28,642,197	30,736,979	31,863,796	33,958,674	32,755,594	33,847,862
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$											
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $											
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		· · ·		· · ·			, ,	, ,	, ,		
Total basiness-pge activities expenses $5.224,199$ $4.673,731$ 5.317973 $5.588,776$ $5.901,727$ $6.202,878$ $6.559,756$ $6.885,664$ Program revenues $3.3297,669$ $5.254,7008$ $5.324,548,355$ $5.4548,356$ $5.4543,544$ $5.809,740$ $5.807,574$ $6.0518,430$ $5.986,2511$ $5.407,555$ Program revenues Charges for services General government $8.85,034$ $5.101,189$ $8.87,870$ $5.826,677$ $5.915,467$ $5.1051,029$ $5.120,635$ $5.1077,851$ $5.107,851$ $5.107,3327$ Public services Cargent government $2.82,607$ $5.915,467$ $5.1051,029$ $5.102,0523$ $5.1219,636$ $5.1077,851$ $5.1073,327$ Public works $1.387,430$ $1.403,797$ $1.492,707$ $1.503,310$ $1.507,094$ $1.985,109$ $1.387,370$ $1.583,179$ $1.503,101$ $1.507,094$ $1.985,109$ $1.383,287$ $1.990,912$ $1.120,075$ $61,272$ $1.200,154$ $1.880,407$ $1.095,284$ $72,229,7702$ $5.511,590,407$ $1.990,523$ $5.107,5$						3,012,882	3,242,600	3,217,817	3,386,025	3,545,529	3,645,976
Total primary government expenses § 33.297.699 § 23.2547.008 § 33.271.089 § 34.548.855 § 34.543.044 § 36.899.740 § 38.073.674 § 40.518.430 § 39.625.113 § 40.713.526 Program revenues Gorennental activities: Charges for services General government § 855.034 § 1.011.869 § 857.870 § 826.637 § 915.467 § 1.051.029 § 1.200.323 § 1.219.636 § 1.077.851 § 1.073.327 Public safety 228.600 440.739 1.329.602 1.462.77 1.593.10 1.050.792 1.180.969 5.1219.636 \$ 1.077.851 \$ 1.073.327 Operating grants and contributions 1.387.99 1.394.054 2.188.312 1.990.912 1.200.751 6.207.91 1.083.799 1.383.699 1.382.092 5.041.121 2.677.317 3.460.629 9.233.59 1.237.700 9.62.91 1.006.708 184.774 1.313.61 Operating grants and contributions 1.625.277 1.830.599 2.927.072 5.571.000 8.76.476 7.244.769 8.572.888 1.2727.53 5.826.336 Dutaingraps deremental activities: Cha							-	-		-	-
Program revenues Governmental activitie: Outgos for services S 255,024 \$ 1.011,809 \$ 857,870 \$ 826,677 \$ 915,467 \$ 1.051,029 \$ 1.209,523 \$ 1.219,536 \$ 1.077,851 \$ 9.1073,572 Public verdes 1.387,400 1.387,400 1.302,079 1.392,697 5.991,64 4.445,509 \$ 1.209,523 \$ 1.219,536 \$ 1.077,851 \$ 9.1073,572 Public verdes 1.387,400 1.302,979 1.392,692 1.462,770 1.500,300 1.209,519 1.589,914 1.573,799 1.555,917 1.200,677 6.002,272 1.200,054 1.200,523 \$ 1.007,533 1.200,770 Copting grants and contributions 1.238,2777 1.580,599 1.392,2987 2.597,072 5.571,000 \$ 3.464,767 7.244,769 \$ 5.52,2887 1.4229,753 3.282,338 1.4229,753 3.282,338 1.229,753 3.282,338 1.229,753 3.282,338 1.229,753 3.282,338 1.229,753 3.282,338 1.229,753 3.282,338 1.229,753 3.282,338 1.229,753 3.282,539 3.201,760 3.200,											
	Total primary government expenses	\$ 33,297,669	\$ 32,547,008	\$ 32,371,080	\$ 34,548,855	\$ 34,543,944	\$ 36,899,740	\$ 38,073,674	\$ 40,518,430	\$ 39,625,113	\$ 40,713,526
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Public work Culture and recreation1,387,4301,407,7991,387,6291,462,7701,503,3101,507,0941,496,5191,589,1941,573,7691,585,179Culture and recreation1,337,8791,340,0542,188,3421,990,9121,120,0575(0,2721,200,1541,380,4071,005,2247(2,2)17Capital grants and contributions1,625,2771,330,5991,398,7574,509,1331,382,0925,041,1212,673,2173,460,6299,243,3591,307,760Charges for services0,017,8400,322,9879,257,0725,571,0008,746,4767,244,7688,572,48814,279,7355,828,338Business-type activities: Charges for services2,001,3842,632,5382,851,9372,839,2282,877,8943,052,0243,106,9973,288,3383,324,8763,296,886Sever1,199,8052,296,7842,570,3322,496,6302,650,9782,859,9602,955,2403,105,9723,116,2003,100,414Capital grants and contributions </td <td></td> <td> ,</td> <td>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,								
Culture and recreation24,36034,00939,517 $64,353$ 90,09872,37096,291106,708118,784131,361Operating grants and contributions1.825,2771.830,5991.398,7574.509,1331.382,0925.041,1212.673,2173.460,6299.243,3591.307,760Total governmental activities program revenues5.558,5806.017,8406.322,9879.257,0725.571,0008.746,4767.244,7698.572,88814.279,7535.826,536Business-type activities:Charge for services7.244,7698.572,88814.279,7535.826,636Water2.001,3842.632,5382.851,9372.839,2282.877,8943.052,0243.106,9973.288,388Operating grants and contributions2.897,602.955,2403.105,5723.116,2003.100,414Operating grants and contributions2.897,602.955,2403.105,7923.116,2003.100,414Operating grants and contributions5.0000Total business-type activities program revenues3.201,1894.929,3225.422,2695.388,8885.607,8485.911,9846.112,2376.311,9066.441,0766.397,300Total primary government program revenues5.82,5437)5.(20,707,118)\$ (19,722,807)\$ (23,071,197)\$ (24,619,027)\$ (25,387,786)\$ (18,445,544)\$ (28,849,890)Occupation anucriticities(20772,970) <td< td=""><td></td><td>,</td><td>,</td><td>,</td><td></td><td>,</td><td>,</td><td>,</td><td></td><td>· · ·</td><td>,</td></td<>		,	,	,		,	,	,		· · ·	,
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Business-type activities: Charges for services Water 2,001,384 2.632,538 2.851,937 2.839,228 2.877,894 3.052,024 3,106,997 3.288,338 3.324,876 3.296,886 Sewer 1,199,805 2.296,784 2.570,332 2.549,630 2.650,978 2.859,960 2.955,240 3,103,572 3,116,200 3,100,414 Operating grants and contributions 1,200 1											
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Total governmental activities program revenues	5,558,580	6,017,840	6,322,987	9,257,072	5,571,000	8,746,476	7,244,769	8,572,888	14,279,753	5,826,336
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Water2,001,3842,632,5382,851,9372,839,2282,877,8943,052,0243,106,9973,288,3383,324,8763,296,886Sever1,199,8052,297,3322,549,6302,659,9782,859,9602,955,2403,103,5723,110,2003,100,414Operating grants and contributions28,976Capital grants and contributions50,000-50,000 </td <td></td>											
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Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total primary government program revenues $3.201.189$ $4.929.322$ $5.422.269$ $5.388.85$ 5.0000 5.0000 5.0000 5.0000 5.0000 $5.011.2237$ $6.391.910$ $6.441.076$ $6.397.300$ Total primary government program revenues $$8.759.769$ $$10.947.162$ $$$11.745.256$ $$$14.645.930$ $$$11.178.848$ $$$14.668.460$ $$$13.357.006$ $$$14.964.798$ $$$20,720.829$ $$$12.223.636$ Net (Expense) RevenueGovernment activities $$(22.464.930)$ $$(21.855.437)$ $$(20,730,118)$ $$(19,722.807)$ $$(21.990.503)$ $$(24.619.027)$ $$(25.385.786)$ $$(18.475.841)$ $$(28.021.526)$ Business-type activities $(2.072.970)$ 255.591 104.294 (180.118) (293.899) $$(25.0777)$ (97.641) (167.846) (428.443) (468.364) Total primary government net expense $$$(24.537.900)$ $$(21.599.846)$ $$$(20,625.824)$ $$$(19,902.925)$ $$$(22.241.280)$ $$$(24.716.668)$ $$$(25.553.632)$ $$$(18,904.284)$ $$(28.048.9890)$ Government activities:Ad valorem taxes $$5,166.613$ $$5,419.688$ $$5,619.215$ $$6,413.093$ $$6,735.794$ $$7,022.225$ $$7,137,305$ $$6,939.897$ $$7,714.156$ $$8,966.940$ Government activities:Ad valorem taxes $$5,166.613$ $$5,419.688$ $$5,619.215$ $$6,413.093$ $$6,735.794$ $$7,022.225$ $$7,137,305$ $$6,939,897$ $$7,714.156$, ,	, ,	, ,	· · ·	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	· · ·	
Capital grants and contributions <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2,010,000</td><td>, ,</td><td>2,000,000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>					2,010,000	, ,	2,000,000				-
Total business-type activities program revenues $3,201,189$ $4,929,322$ $5,422,269$ $5,388,858$ $5,607,848$ $5,911,984$ $6,112,237$ $6,391,910$ $6,441,076$ $6,397,300$ Net (Expense) Revenue $\$$ $8,759,769$ $\$$ $10,947,162$ $\$$ $11,745,256$ $\$$ $14,645,930$ $\$$ $14,568,460$ $\$$ $14,964,798$ $\$$ $20,720,829$ $\$$ $12,223,636$ Net (Expense) Revenue $\$$ $\$$ $(22,464,930)$ $\$$ $(21,855,437)$ $\$$ $(20,730,118)$ $\$$ $(19,722,807)$ $\$$ $(23,071,197)$ $\$$ $(24,619,027)$ $\$$ $(25,385,786)$ $\$$ $(18,475,841)$ $\$$ $(28,021,526)$ Business-type activities $(2,072,970)$ $2255,591$ $104,294$ $(180,118)$ $(293,899)$ $(22,777,77)$ $(97,641)$ $(167,846)$ $(428,443)$ $(468,364)$ Total primary government net expense $\$$ $$5,166,613$ $\$$ $5,419,688$ $\$$ $5,619,215$ $\$$ $6,413,093$ $\$$ $6,735,794$ $\$$ $7,022,225$ $\$$ $7,137,305$ $\$$ $6,939,897$ $\$$ $7,714,156$ $\$$ $8,966,940$ Government activities:Ad valorem taxes $\$$ $5,5166,613$ $\$$ $5,619,215$ $\$$ $6,413,093$ $\$$ $6,735,794$ $\$$ $7,022,225$ $\$$ $7,137,305$ $\$$ $6,939,897$ $\$$ $7,714,156$ $\$$ $8,966,940$ Governmental activities:Ad valorem taxes $\$$ $5,5166,613$ $\$$ $5,419,688$ $\$$		-	-	-	-		-	50,000	-	-	-
Total primary government program revenues $$$ 8,759,769$ $$$ 10,947,162$ $$$ 11,745,256$ $$$ 14,645,930$ $$$ 11,178,848$ $$$ 14,658,460$ $$$ 13,357,006$ $$$ 14,964,798$ $$$ 20,720,829$ $$$ 12,223,636$ Net (Expense) Revenue Government activities $$$ (22,464,930)$ $$$ (21,855,437)$ $$$ (20,730,118)$ $$$ (19,722,807)$ $$$ (23,071,197)$ $$$ (21,990,503)$ $$$ (24,619,027)$ $$$ (25,385,786)$ $$$ (18,475,841)$ $$$ (28,021,526)$ Business-type activities Total primary government net expense $$$ (24,537,900)$ $$$ (21,599,846)$ $$$ (20,625,824)$ $$$ (19,902,925)$ $$$ (23,365,096)$ $$$ (22,241,280)$ $$$ (24,716,668)$ $$$ (25,553,632)$ $$$ (18,904,284)$ $$$ (28,489,890)$ General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Ad valorem taxes $$$ 5,166,613$ $$ 5,419,688$ $$ 5,619,215$ $$ 6,413,093$ $$ 6,735,794$ $$ 7,022,225$ $$ 7,137,305$ $$ 6,939,897$ $$ 7,714,156$ $$ 8,966,944$ Governmental activities: Ad valorem taxes $$ 5,166,613$ $$ 5,419,688$ $$ 5,619,215$ $$ 6,413,093$ $$ 6,735,794$ $$ 7,022,225$ $$ 7,137,305$ $$ 6,939,897$ $$ 7,714,156$ $$ 8,966,944$ Governmental activities: Ad valorem taxes $$ 5,166,613$ $$ 5,419,688$ $$ 5,619,215$ $$ 6,413,093$ $$ 6,735,794$ $$ 7,022,225$ $$ 7,137,305$ $$ 6,939,897$ $$ 7,714,156$ $$ 8,966,944$ Governmental activities: Ad valorem taxes $$ 5,166,613$ $$ 5,419,688$ $$ 5,619,215$ $$ 6,413,093$ $$ 6,735,794$ <td>1 0</td> <td>3.201.189</td> <td>4,929,322</td> <td>5.422.269</td> <td>5,388,858</td> <td></td> <td>5.911.984</td> <td> ,</td> <td>6.391.910</td> <td>6.441.076</td> <td>6.397.300</td>	1 0	3.201.189	4,929,322	5.422.269	5,388,858		5.911.984	,	6.391.910	6.441.076	6.397.300
Government activities \$ (22,464,930) \$ (21,855,437) \$ (20,730,118) \$ (19,722,807) \$ (21,990,503) \$ (24,619,027) \$ (25,385,786) \$ (18,475,841) \$ (28,021,526) Business-type activities (2,072,970) 255,591 104,294 (180,118) (23,365,096) 2(22,241,280) \$ (24,517,0668) \$ (21,855,437) \$ (28,021,526) (468,364) (468,364) (468,364) (468,364) \$ (28,489,890											
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Business-type activities Total primary government net expense $(2,072,970)$ $(255,591)$ $(104,294)$ $(180,118)$ $(293,899)$ $(250,777)$ $(97,641)$ $(167,846)$ $(428,443)$ $(468,364)$ General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Ad valorem taxes $$5,166,613$ $$5,419,688$ $$5,619,215$ $$6,413,093$ $$6,735,794$ $$7,022,225$ $$7,137,305$ $$6,939,897$ $$7,714,156$ $$8,966,940$ Franchise taxes $$770,048$ $$812,960$ $745,519$ $682,007$ $730,981$ $754,657$ $744,777$ $710,653$ $688,198$ $695,044$ Sales taxes $6,413,552$ $7,091,683$ $6,813,376$ $6,740,890$ $7,022,255$ $7,635,462$ $7,960,175$ $8,453,220$ $8,959,274$ Occupational licenses $398,205$ $385,383$ $409,527$ $380,622$ $385,704$ $416,090$ $412,586$ $396,581$ $405,611$ $410,495$	Net (Expense) Revenue										
Total primary government net expense \$ (24,537,900) \$ (21,599,846) \$ (20,625,824) \$ (19,902,925) \$ (23,365,096) \$ (22,241,280) \$ (25,553,632) \$ (18,904,284) \$ (28,489,890) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Ad valorem taxes \$ 5,166,613 \$ 5,419,688 \$ 5,619,215 \$ 6,413,093 \$ 6,735,794 \$ 7,022,225 \$ 7,137,305 \$ 6,939,897 \$ 7,714,156 \$ 8,966,940 Franchise taxes 770,048 812,960 745,519 682,007 730,981 754,657 744,777 710,653 688,198 695,044 Sales taxes 6,413,552 7,091,683 6,813,376 6,740,890 7,022,652 7,241,356 7,655,462 7,960,175 8,453,220 8,959,274 Occupational licenses 398,205 385,383 409,527 380,622 385,704 416,090 412,586 396,581 405,611 410,495	Government activities	\$ (22,464,930)	\$ (21,855,437)	\$ (20,730,118)	\$ (19,722,807)	\$ (23,071,197)	\$ (21,990,503)	\$ (24,619,027)	\$ (25,385,786)	\$ (18,475,841)	\$ (28,021,526)
Total primary government net expense \$ (24,537,900) \$ (21,599,846) \$ (20,625,824) \$ (19,902,925) \$ (23,365,096) \$ (22,241,280) \$ (25,553,632) \$ (18,904,284) \$ (28,489,890) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Ad valorem taxes \$ 5,166,613 \$ 5,419,688 \$ 5,619,215 \$ 6,413,093 \$ 6,735,794 \$ 7,022,225 \$ 7,137,305 \$ 6,939,897 \$ 7,714,156 \$ 8,966,940 Franchise taxes 770,048 812,960 745,519 682,007 730,981 754,657 744,777 710,653 688,198 695,044 Sales taxes 6,413,552 7,091,683 6,813,376 6,740,890 7,022,652 7,241,356 7,655,462 7,960,175 8,453,220 8,959,274 Occupational licenses 398,205 385,383 409,527 380,622 385,704 416,090 412,586 396,581 405,611 410,495	Business-type activities	(2,072,970)	255,591	104,294	(180,118)	(293,899)	(250,777)	(97,641)	(167,846)	(428,443)	(468,364)
Governmental activities: \$ 5,166,613 \$ 5,419,688 \$ 5,619,215 \$ 6,413,093 \$ 6,735,794 \$ 7,022,225 \$ 7,137,305 \$ 6,939,897 \$ 7,714,156 \$ 8,966,940 Franchise taxes 770,048 812,960 745,519 682,007 730,981 754,657 744,777 710,653 688,198 695,044 Sales taxes 6,413,552 7,091,683 6,813,376 6,740,890 7,022,652 7,241,356 7,635,462 7,960,175 8,453,220 8,959,274 Occupational licenses 398,205 385,383 409,527 380,622 385,704 416,090 412,586 396,581 405,611 410,495	Total primary government net expense	\$ (24,537,900)	\$ (21,599,846)	\$ (20,625,824)	\$ (19,902,925)	\$ (23,365,096)	\$ (22,241,280)	\$ (24,716,668)	\$ (25,553,632)	\$ (18,904,284)	\$ (28,489,890)
Governmental activities: \$ 5,166,613 \$ 5,419,688 \$ 5,619,215 \$ 6,413,093 \$ 6,735,794 \$ 7,022,225 \$ 7,137,305 \$ 6,939,897 \$ 7,714,156 \$ 8,966,940 Franchise taxes 770,048 812,960 745,519 682,007 730,981 754,657 744,777 710,653 688,198 695,044 Sales taxes 6,413,552 7,091,683 6,813,376 6,740,890 7,022,652 7,241,356 7,635,462 7,960,175 8,453,220 8,959,274 Occupational licenses 398,205 385,383 409,527 380,622 385,704 416,090 412,586 396,581 405,611 410,495											
Governmental activities: \$ 5,166,613 \$ 5,419,688 \$ 5,619,215 \$ 6,413,093 \$ 6,735,794 \$ 7,022,225 \$ 7,137,305 \$ 6,939,897 \$ 7,714,156 \$ 8,966,940 Franchise taxes 770,048 812,960 745,519 682,007 730,981 754,657 744,777 710,653 688,198 695,044 Sales taxes 6,413,552 7,091,683 6,813,376 6,740,890 7,022,652 7,241,356 7,653,462 7,960,175 8,453,220 8,959,274 Occupational licenses 398,205 385,383 409,527 380,622 385,704 416,090 412,586 396,581 405,611 410,495											
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Occupational licenses 398,205 385,383 409,527 380,622 385,704 416,090 412,586 396,581 405,611 410,495		,	,	,		· · · · ·	,	,		,	,
Intergovernmental revenues 5,616,507 5,271,722 5,479,299 5,625,899 5,487,177 5,321,766 5,398,168 5,699,349 5,811,977 6,164,485	1	· · · · ·	,	,		· · · · ·	,	,		,	,
	Intergovernmental revenues	5,616,507	5,271,722	5,479,299	5,625,899	5,487,177	5,321,766	5,398,168	5,699,349	5,811,977	6,164,485

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

					Fiscal	Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Fines and forfeitures	3,551,533	5,431,403	4,428,144	5,307,249	5,776,364	5,722,108	5,330,652	4,809,719	3,298,652	3,168,412
Investment earnings	25,069	21,171	18,766	14,930	7,367	8,667	7,723	25,601	87,238	204,357
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	706,477	-	-	111,111	(73,362)	100,679	60,523	56,938	292,107	367,362
Miscellaneous	2,690,837	1,995,513	1,223,217	342,992	1,475,421	265,378	3,980,095	10,590	5,092	937,273
Transfers	(713,208)	(458,012)	(1,497,612)	(5,190,252)	(1,039,330)	(83,851)	-	(12,288)	(1,230,401)	95,373
Total governmental activities	24,625,633	25,971,511	23,239,451	20,428,541	26,508,768	26,769,075	30,707,291	26,597,215	25,525,850	29,969,015
Business-type activities:										
Ad valorem taxes	480,600	395,226	451,068	482,934	490,093	512,019	528,859	545,984	586,119	588,151
Investment earnings	703	819	884	473	132	23	223	134	102	96
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	(163,470)	(105,968)	35,304	-	5,605	3,010	11,882
Miscellaneous	100,447	51,504	53,015	57,001	13,129	19,386	78,812	71,010	58,712	83,301
Transfers	713,208	458,012	1,497,612	5,190,252	1,039,330	83,851	-	12,288	1,230,401	(95,373)
Total business-type activities	1,294,958	905,561	2,002,579	5,567,190	1,436,716	650,583	607,894	635,021	1,878,344	588,057
Total primary government	\$ 25,920,591	\$ 26,877,072	\$ 25,242,030	\$ 25,995,731	\$ 27,945,484	\$ 27,419,658	\$ 31,315,185	\$ 27,232,236	\$ 27,404,194	\$ 30,557,072
Change in Net Position										
Government activities	\$ 2,160,703	\$ 4,116,074	\$ 2,509,333	\$ 705,734	\$ 3,437,571	\$ 4,778,572	\$ 6,088,264	\$ 1,211,429	\$ 7,050,009	\$ 1,947,489
Business-type activities	(778,012)	1,161,152	2,106,873	5,387,072	1,142,817	399,806	510,253	467,175	1,449,901	119,693
Total primary government	\$ 1,382,691	\$ 5,277,226	\$ 4,616,206	\$ 6,092,806	\$ 4,580,388	\$ 5,178,378	\$ 6,598,517	\$ 1,678,604	\$ 8,499,910	\$ 2,067,182

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Ye	ar				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,334	\$ 53,617	\$ 177,871	\$ 192,330	\$ 205,282	\$ 279,070	\$ 289,532	\$ 301,714
Restricted	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,047,247	1,047,247	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	4,346,310	4,954,800	6,097,956	6,715,313	4,893,152	4,941,943	2,868,786	2,275,474	1,303,723	625,421
Assigned	374,158	200,424	444,124	480,807	2,207,677	981,955	3,079,275	2,428,534	2,539,378	2,513,690
Unassigned	1,308,196	3,345,466	4,391,194	3,679,035	4,167,193	4,746,951	5,104,992	3,593,247	3,764,363	4,751,080
Total general fund	\$ 8,028,664	\$ 10,500,690	\$ 12,020,855	\$ 11,976,019	\$ 11,445,893	\$ 10,863,179	\$ 11,258,335	\$ 8,576,325	\$ 7,896,996	\$ 8,191,905
All other governmental funds										
Restricted	\$ 2,012,316	\$ 2,005,719	\$ 2,033,391	\$ 1,599,709	\$ 1,600,426	\$ 1,584,217	\$ 1,570,371	\$ 1,527,524	\$ 1,523,882	\$ 1,544,274
Committed	9,224,072	9,075,616	7,176,439	2,848,681	2,767,869	2,119,796	3,007,780	2,312,759	1,704,584	1,624,976
Assigned	3,466,329	3,492,404	3,483,467	4,008,990	3,542,383	5,106,615	4,415,206	5,764,422	5,415,169	6,606,544
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	1,893,579	-	-	-	-	-
Total other governmental funds	\$ 14,702,717	\$ 14,573,739	\$ 12,693,297	\$ 8,457,380	\$ 9,804,257	\$ 8,810,628	\$ 8,993,357	\$ 9,604,705	\$ 8,643,635	\$ 9,775,794

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	2010	2011	2012	Fiscal Y 2012 2013 2014			ar 2015	2016	2017	2018 2019		
REVENUES	2010	2011	2012	2013		2014	2015	2010	2017	2018	2019	
Ad valorem	\$ 5,166,613	\$ 5,419,688	\$ 5,619,215	\$ 6,413,093	\$	6,735,794	\$ 7,022,225	\$ 7,137,305	\$ 6,939,897	\$ 7,714,156	\$ 8,966,940	
Sales	6,413,552	7,091,683	6,813,376	6,740,890	φ	7,022,652	7,241,356	7,635,462	7,960,174	8,453,220	8,959,276	
Franchise	770,048	812,960	745,519	682,007		730,981	754,657	744,777	710,653	688,198	695,044	
Intergovernmental	8.629.663	8,496,375	9,032,913	12,111,324		7,963,595	10,967,159	9,268,539	9,834,487	16,019,592	8,172,171	
Charges for services	1,957,340	2,133,581	2,125,615	2,147,800		2,323,201	2,276,954	2,575,328	3,065,633	3,341,432	3,061,513	
Fines and forfeitures	3,551,533	5,431,403	4,428,144	5,307,249		5,776,364	5,722,108	5,330,652	4,809,721	3,298,652	3,168,412	
Licenses and permits	986,289	1,044,989	1,019,800	989,849		1,131,354	1,234,219	1,208,656	1,062,801	1,095,288	1,104,641	
Miscellaneous	2,958,438	2,138,178	588,203	515,185		666,785	575,099	3,912,824	1,238,491	803,763	990,471	
Total revenues	30,433,476	32,568,857	30,372,785	34,907,397		32,350,726	35,793,777	37,813,543	35,621,857	41,414,301	35,118,468	
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government	3,216,543	3,008,318	2,585,755	2,979,284		2,662,325	3,034,070	3,966,374	3,150,509	3,171,783	2,788,267	
Public safety	14,458,941	15,317,039	15,080,152	16,473,836		15,968,495	16,868,129	17,194,215	19,143,503	17,431,243	19,403,874	
Public works	6,553,676	5,475,124	5,017,737	5,072,309		4,992,126	5,547,027	5,201,842	5,554,050	5,467,401	5,411,069	
Culture and recreation	913,366	873,232	1,087,239	1,167,243		1,393,277	1,678,855	1,966,406	1,899,752	2,201,126	1,830,497	
Cemetery	61,490	55,184	62,017	59,584		97,490	70,678	69,781	71,694	73,576	78,063	
Debt service:												
Principal retirement	450,000	671,000	686,236	701,282		783,134	357,000	808,000	830,000	902,000	918,000	
Interest	425,369	613,694	549,861	539,095		534,136	485,337	364,520	832,000	216,822	200,247	
Cost of issuance	-	-	-	-		-	89,020	1,500	64,178	-	-	
Capital outlay:												
Capital Outlay	5,154,191	4,094,238	4,385,255	9,603,505		4,234,233	8,866,154	7,663,023	6,649,543	12,360,345	3,156,758	
Total expenditures	31,233,576	30,107,829	29,454,252	36,596,138		30,665,216	36,996,270	37,235,661	38,195,229	41,824,296	33,786,775	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(800,100)	2,461,028	918,533	(1,688,741)		1,685,510	(1,202,493)	577,882	(2,573,372)	(409,995)	1,331,693	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in	2,672,000	2,706,474	3,326,774	2,527,700		4,199,506	2,752,591	3,520,480	3,296,251	4,543,589	1,109,939	
Transfers out	(3,385,208)	(3,164,490)	(4,824,387)	(7,717,952)		(5,238,836)	(2,836,443)	(3,520,480)	(3,308,540)	(5,773,991)	(1,014,564)	
Sale of Assets	665,000	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Proceeds of 2009A Bonds	-	-	-	2,578,829		170,574	-	-	-	-	-	
Proceeds of 2009B Bonds	5,108,968	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Proceeds from loans	-	340,035	218,804	19,410		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Refunding 2014 Bonds	-	-	-	-		-	6,085,000	-	-	-	-	
Refunding 2016 Bonds	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	5,360,000	-	-	
Payment to refund 2014 bonds	-	-	-	-		-	(6,375,000)	-	-	-	-	
Payment to refund 2016 bonds	-	-	-	-		-	-		(4,845,000)	-	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,060,760	(117,981)	(1,278,809)	(2,592,013)		(868,756)	(373,852)		502,711	(1,230,402)	95,375	
Net change in fund balances	4,260,660	2,343,047	(360,276)	(4,280,754)		816,754	(1,576,345)	577,882	(2,070,661)	(1,640,397)	1,427,068	
Fund balances - beginning	18,470,721	22,731,381	25,074,428	24,714,152		20,433,398	21,250,152	19,673,807	20,251,689	18,181,028	16,540,631	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 22,731,381	\$ 25,074,428	\$ 24,714,152	\$ 20,433,398	\$	21,250,152	\$ 19,673,807	\$ 20,251,689	\$ 18,181,028	\$ 16,540,631	\$ 17,967,699	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	3.36%	4.94%	4.93%	4.60%		4.98%	2.99%	3.96%	5.27%	3.80%	3.65%	

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS AND FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Camnetar & Co., CPAs

a professional accounting corporation 2550 Belle Chasse Highway, Suite 170, Gretna, LA 70053 504.362.2544 (Fax) 504.362.2663

Edward L. Camnetar, Jr., CPA Orfelinda G. Richard, CPA Jamie G. Rogers, CPA

Members: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Gretna, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gretna, Louisiana, (the City) as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Under the Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

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Camnetar & Co., CPAs a professional accounting corporation

Gretna, Louisiana September 27, 2019 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Camnetar & Co., CPAs

a professional accounting corporation 2550 Belle Chasse Highway, Suite 170, Gretna, LA 70053 504.362.2544 (Fax) 504.362.2663

Edward L. Camnetar, Jr., CPA Orfelinda G. Richard, CPA Jamie G. Rogers, CPA

Members: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Gretna, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Gretna, Louisiana's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended March 31, 2019. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended March 31, 2019.

a professional accounting corporation

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weakness may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Under the Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Campeter & Co.

Camnetar & Co., CPAs a professional accounting corporation

Gretna, Louisiana September 27, 2019 FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the City of Gretna, Louisiana as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the provisions of the Uniform Guidance. Our audit of the financial statements as of March 31, 2019, resulted in an unmodified opinion.

Section I Summary of Auditor's Reports

a. Report on Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements.

Internal Control Material Weaknesses Y	es 🖂	No	Significan	t Deficiencie	s	Yes	\square	No
Compliance Compliance Material to Financ	ial State	ements	Yes	🛛 No				
b. Federal Awards								
Internal Control Material Weaknesses Y	es 🖂	No	Significan	t Deficiencie	s 🗌	Yes	\boxtimes	No
Type of Opinion On Compliance For Major Programs		Unmo Discla	_	Qualifi Advers				
Are their findings required to be rep	ported in	n accorda	ance with U	niform Guida	ince?			
				Yes	\boxtimes	No		
Was a management letter issued?			Yes	\boxtimes	No			
c. Identification of Major Progr	ams:							
4 th Street Extension Project	CFDA	20.205						
Dollar threshold used to distinguish	ı betwee	en Type A	A and Type	B Programs:		<u>\$75</u>	50,000	<u>)</u>
Is the auditee a "low-risk" auditee?			Xes	No No				

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

Section II Financial Statement Findings

A – Issues of Noncompliance

NONE

B – Significant Deficiencies

NONE

Section III Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

SECTION I - INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NONE

SECTION II - INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO FEDERAL FUNDS

NONE

SECTION III - MANAGEMENT LETTER

NONE

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

CITY OF GRETNA, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

Section I - Internal Control And Compliance Material To The Financial Statement

NONE

Section II - Internal Control And Compliance Material To Federal Awards

NONE

Section III - Management Letter

NONE